PUBLISHED MONTHLY—PRICE, ANNAS 8.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY
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Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways, Steam Boats and Daks, Places of Interest—Inland and along the Coast—Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c., with a
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
The "Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

PUBLISHED THRICE DAILY.

THE
Bombay Gazette.

NESTLE'S CONDENSED MILK.
NEAREST IN CLASS
"UNTOUCHED BY HAND."

No. 54,882.—NEW SERIES.] BOMBAY:—THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1909. [PRICE: ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. 2-39 P.M.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
30th Nov.	MALWA	10362	.....	...
27th „	GALEDONIA	6000	MACEDONIA	10,512
4th Dec.	PERSIA	7951	MOLDAVIA	9500
11th „	MOOLTAN	6000		
18th „	.....	7918		
25th „	GALEDONIA	6000	MONGOLIA	1903
1910				
1st Jany.	HIMALAYA	6898	.....	...
8th „	GALEDONIA	6000	MARMORA	9000
15th „	ARABIA	7903	.....	...
22nd „	GALEDONIA	6000	MOREA	10040
29th „	DELHI	6000	.....	...
5th Feb.	GALEDONIA	6000	MOOLTAN	9023
12th „	INDIA	7911	.....	...
19th „	MANTUA	11000	.....	...
26th „	CALEDONIA	7848	.....	...
5th March.	GALEDONIA	6000	CHINA	7973
12th „	PERSIA	7951	.....	...
19th „	GALEDONIA	6000	MALWA	11000
26th „	ARCADIA	7000	.....	...
2nd April	EGYPT	7362	.....	...
9th „	MACEDONIA	10813	.....	...
16th „	ARABIA	7903	.....	...
23rd „	GALEDONIA	6000	MONGOLIA	9505
30th „	GALEDONIA	11000	.....	...
6th May.	GALEDONIA	6000	MARMORA	10809
14th „	CALEDONIA	7848	.....	...
21st „	GALEDONIA	6000	MOREA	11000
28th „	PERSIA	7951	.....	...

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipp to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the day previous to sailing and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 a.m., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with port of destination.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at the place between 12-30 and 1 P.M., for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Tenders. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

* INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER At Special Rates.

The S.S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY at 2 P.M., on WEDNESDAY, 23rd MARCH 1910, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	SINGLE	RETURN
To Marseilles	Rs. 495 or Rs. 594	Rs. 743 or Rs. 891
To London by sea	Rs. 528, Rs. 627	Rs. 792 „ Rs. 940

These rates include the Surtax.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Co.

THE ELLERMAN LINES OF STEAMERS.

(CITY AND HALL LINES)

APPROXIMATE SAILINGS FROM BOMBAY AND KARACHI FOR MARSEILLES, LIVERPOOL, &c.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Bombay, 1909.	Leave Karachi 1909.
A Trafford Hall	5321	Nov. 22	Dec. 3
C City of York	7705	„ 26	„ 8
C City of Glasgow	6467	Dec. 3	„ 13
B City of Madras	4584	„ 13	„ 20
		1910	1910
C City of Manchester	5344	Jan. 14	Jan. 29
C City of Athens	5894	Feb. 5	Feb. 18
A Trafford Hall	6321	Mar. 7	Mar. —
C City of York	7705	Feb. 25	Mar. 10
B Hutton Hall	4660	Mar. 3	...
B City of Madrid	4899	„ 18	Mar. 26
C City of Glasgow	6509	„ 22	Apr. 10
C City of Calcutta	7313	Apr. 1	„ 22
B City of Madras	4584	„ 8	„ 21
C City of Manchester	5961	„ 19	May 7
B Walton Hall	4970	„ 22	„ 9
A Trafford Hall	6321	May 24	„ —
C City of Karachi	5567	„ 26	May 30
C City of Benares	6978	June 3	June 19

A. First class passenger steamer carrying both Surgeon and Stewardess.

B. Steamer carrying neither Surgeon nor Stewardess accommodation for 2-12 passengers.

C. Steamer with both 1st and 2nd class accommodation and carrying both Surgeon and Stewardess.

REVISED PASSAGE RATES.

From Bombay or Karachi to	1st Class. Surgeon and Stewardess.		2nd Class. only when steamer has 1st Class accommodation.		All steamers without Surgeon or Stewardess.	
	Single Rs.	Return Rs.	Single Rs.	Return Rs.	Single Rs.	Return Rs.
Brindisi	411	627	319	469	247	317
„ Port Said	446	677	352	512	280	372
„ Marseilles, Genoa or Naples	576	935	429	649	496	770
„ Liverpool	605	990	462	704	517	792
By French overland via Genoa or Marseilles returning via Marseilles or Naples	453	*1135	489	*809	370	*920

*Return Journey from Liverpool, by Sea, Rs. 1,039 Rs. 787, and Rs. 845, respectively.

The above rates include passage by B.I.S.N. Co.'s steamer between Bombay and Karachi.

Reduction to Families, Tea Planters, Railway Servants, Missionaries, Nuns, Sisters of Mercy, Hospital Nurses, and Theatrical Corps.

THE CITY LINE has lately been strengthened by the addition of several new and fast steamers having the latest requisites for the comfort and welfare of passengers.

ELECTRIC FANS FREE.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1910.

BOMBAY AND KARACHI TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL VIA PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Bombay.	Leave Karachi.
C. City of Athens †	5909	...	18th February
A. Trafford Hall	5991	2nd March	.....
C. City of York	7705	23rd March	*19th March
A. City of Vienna	4673	6th April	.....
C. City of Glasgow	6467	...	15th April
C. City of Calcutta	7313	25th April	*23rd April
C. City of Manchester	5344	...	7th May
A. Trafford Hall	5991	24th May	.....
C. City of Karachi	5557	...	31st May
C. City of Benares	6738	...	13th June

* Sailing from Karachi for Genoa and Liverpool via Port Said.

†Sailing from Karachi and calling at Bombay for passengers only.

No Extra Charge Express Service or 2 Berthed Cabin

OUTWARD AUTUMN SAILINGS 1910.

In conjunction with the above Homeward 1910 sailings for those desirous of returning in 6, 7 and 9 months.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave L'pool.	Due Bombay.
*‡ City of York	7705	22nd Aug. 1910	13th Sept. 1910.
C City of Glasgow	6467	17th Sept. „	10th Oct. „
*‡ City of Calcutta	7313	22nd „ „	10th „ „

*VIA Marseilles or Naples.

For Passage and further Particulars apply to the Agents.

Bombay—Messrs. Ed. Bates & Son's Agency.
(„ Ellick, Mixon & Co. Agents).
Karachi— „ Forbes Forbes, Campbell & Co., Ltd.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock No. 14 Shed.

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing Date.	Time.	Route via.
DWARKA	1,586	Thur. 18th Nov.	9 a.m.	O Mandvi
LHASA	2,171	Fri. 19th Nov.	6 a.m.	Direct †
LINGA	2,171	Mon. 22nd Nov.	11 a.m.	P.D. & O.M.

† Or later on arrival of English mail steamer.
* Porebander, Dwarka and C. Mandvie.

FOR C. MANDVIE, KARACHI AND BUSSEH (Weekly).

S.S. "DWARKA," 1,590 tons, on Thursday, 18th Nov. calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Bagdad.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S.S. "WARDUNGA," 2,513 tons, on Monday 22nd Nov. calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Karachi, Pasni, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingo, Bahrein, Bushire, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S.S. "NEB BUDDA," 3,055 tons, sailing on or about the 29th Nov.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius Australia, and New Zealand.

Apply to
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.

17th November, 1909.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

DIRECT LINE TO TRIESTE.

Steamer.	Tons.	Captain	To sail on
KOSSUTH	4,000	A. Pavelich	20th Nov. 1909
BELLONA	4,000	A. de Petris	27th „ „
ARBIA	4,000	O. Radich	4th Dec. „
PERSIA	4,000	G. Cattalinich	11th „ „

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gotthards and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles, or Navigazione Generale Italiana from Genoa or Naples to Bombay, or by North German Lloyd from Genoa to Colombo, or vice versa.

STEAMER TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer	Captain	Tons	To sail about
PERSIA	B. Giurgevich	4332	23rd Nov. 1909.

PASSENGER SEASON 1910.

ACCELERATED LINE TO TRIESTE.

SINGLE CLASS ACCOMMODATION ONLY.

Steamer.	Tons.	Captain.	To sail on.
KOSSUTH	4000	A. Pavelich	13th February.
BELLONA	4000	A. de Petris	13th „
ARBIA	4000	O. Radich	1st March.
PERSIA	4332	G. Giurgevich	15th „
BOSNIA	4000	A. de Petris	29th „
KOSSUTH	4000	P. Rapicio	12th May
ARBIA	4000	P. Rapicio	26th „
PERSIA	4332	G. Giurgevich	16th „
KOSSUTH	4000	A. Pavelich	1st June

ORDINARY LINE via KARACHI.

Steamer.	Tons.	Captain.	To sail about.
R. F. FERDINAND	6915	S. Nicevich	25th January
DALMA	5235	P. Georgevich	8th February
TORY LEMBO	6000	B. Refkara	24th March
KNIN POST	6400	S. Tarabocchia	28th April
AUSTRIA	7888	S. Gobet	26th May

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES. ACCELERATED LINE.

Single Class to Trieste or Venice	Rs. 385	to 506 *
Single Class to Trieste or Venice and back	„ 577·3	„ 759 *
Single Class to London	„ 480	„ 635 *
Single Class to London and back	„ 787·3	„ 1039 *

* Fares according to position of cabin and class of Railway.

ORDINARY LINE.

Single Class to Trieste or Venice	Rs. 450	
Single Class to Trieste or Venice and back	„ 675	
Single Class to London	„ 546	to 585 *
Single Class to London and back	„ 945	to 945 *

* Fares according to class of Railway.

RETURN TICKETS available for TWO YEARS.

ELECTRIC FANS AND LIGHTS are fitted in all the cabins free of charge.

For further information regarding passages apply to

W. DENSO,
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COUTTS & CO.,

ARMY SHIPPING & PASSENGER AGENTS.

POST BOX 249, BOMBAY.

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Soldiers' private boxes forwarded by specially organised "SOLDIERS' EXPRESS SERVICE" with safety and economy.

Packages by both the above services delivered to the door of the addresses in England through Messrs. Carter Paterson & Co., Ld., Pickfords Ld., and Suttons & Co., for which firms we are Local Agents.

COUTTS & CO.,
HORNBY ROW,
Post Box 249,
BOMBAY.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO for NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, or BALTIMORE.

Steamer.	N.R.	Month.	Port.
"Harlesden"	3734	November	Philadelphia
"Haigh Hall"	3088	November	Philadelphia

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

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Agents.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPS.—"Gazette Commercial," Rs. 2-4 per thousand; and if printed on flap, Rs. 3-12 per thousand. Samples on application at "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

SHIPPING.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
SALAZIE	4,147	Magnon	25th Nov. 1909
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Barillon	2nd Dec. „
AUVERGNE	6,349	Hignier	9th Jan., 1910
[illegible]	4,120	[illegible]	17th [illegible] „
[illegible]	6,378	H. Bottat	17th [illegible] „
[illegible]	6,349	Colomet	16th Apr. „
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Barillon	13th May „

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations Generali Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
GALEDONIEN	4,120	J. [illegible]	2nd Dec. 1909.
DUMBEA	6,085	Retnak	31st Dec. „

For further particulars apply to—

G. CHANDIZE,
Albert Building, Hornby Road. Agent.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.

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COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR).

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HEAD OFFICE:
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THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

CAPITAL PAID-UP	Yen 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS	„ 15,900,000

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Antung-Hsien	Liaoyang	Eyojun Port Arthur
Chaugchung	Lyons	Peking
Dairen (Dalny)	Mukden	San Francisco
Hankow	Nagasaki	Shanghai
Honolulu	Newchwang	Tientsin
Hongkong	New York	Tientsin
Kobe	Osaka	Tokyo
London		

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BOMBAY BRANCH:—

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT.

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CREDITS granted on approved securities, and every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

K. KODAMA.
Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE—
Albert Buildings
Hornby Road Fort, Bombay.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

CORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL	£1,200,000
RESERVE FUND	£1,575,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:
3, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN, LONDON, E. C.
AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Hamburg	Medan Deli (Sumatra)	Hongkong
Bombay	Singapore	Foochow
Karachi	Klang (F. M. States.)	Saigon
Calcutta	Kwala Lumpor (Do.)	Shanghai
Colombo	Bangkok	Tientsin
Rangoon	Batavia	Hankow
Colombo	Soerabaya	Yokohama
Penang	Manilla	Kobe
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Ipoh (Perak).		

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Re. 1 half yearly.

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Exclusive Novelties, Artistic and Distinctive in Design.

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CLOCKS
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English Chiming Clocks, and Reproductions from Old Styles, Chippendale, Sheraton, Etc.

FRENCH TRAVELLING CLOCKS
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EVERYTHING NEW AND UP-TO-DATE.

In Necklets, Pendants, Brooches, Bracelets, Scarf Pins, Lace Brooches in Pearl and Enamel or Fancy Stones.

Large Stock of UNSET STONES FOR MATCHING.

WE DO YOUR REPAIRS ON THE SPOT.

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BOMBAY & POONA.

ATTENTION! ATTENTION!!

WE STRONGLY RECOMMEND

ANTIMALARIC RANA,

INCOMPARABLE SPECIFIC AGAINST MALARIAL FEVERS, AS A SURE GUARANTEED CURE.

PREPARED

By the Chemist FRANCESCO RANA of BARI (ITALY).

The only preparation of the kind taken in consideration of the recent International Exhibition of Milan, and awarded with a Silver Medal.

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It combats rapidly and radically malarial fevers of every kind and in every stage, whether acute, chronic or convalescent and is a first rate preservative for persons who are obliged to live in unhealthy districts.

By its being continually used, even after cure, it becomes an excellent reconstituent of the strength, of indisputable efficacy, and exempt from any inconvenience.

It is agreeable to the taste, easy of assimilation, and perfectly tolerated.

Taken as a preservative by persons living in unhealthy places, and as a strengthner, one tablespoonful is sufficient for adults, half for children, and one teaspoonful for little children.

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THE DEMAND FOR "STANDARD" POLICIES.

EVERY YEAR, since 1866, the NEW BUSINESS has exceeded £1,000,000 Sums Assured PER ANNUM, a result maintained uninterruptedly for so long a period by NO OTHER BRITISH OFFICE.

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ACCUMULATED FUNDS	£12,250,000
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DOUBLE ENDOWMENTS.—At Home Rates giving a Bonus of 100 per cent. on survival.

CHILDREN'S ENDOWMENTS.—Payable at any age from 14 to 21 with return of all premiums in event of death.

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Bombay Branch.

BINNY & Co., Ld.,
Chief Agents, Madras.

REDUCED RATES.

GRESHAM LIFE OFFICE.

RESULTS FOR 1908.

New Policies issued (net)	5,890 for	£. 1,819,377
New Premiums (1908)	...	„ 91,349
Annual Income	...	„ 1,406,762
Assets	...	„ 10,038,723

CALL FOR 1908 PROSPECTUS.

WORLD WIDE POLICIES.

Indian Lives at European Rates.

Assurances with or without Medical Examination.

Old Age Pensions, Children's Endowments, &c., &c.

Apply—

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CHIEF AGENTS FOR India, Burma and Ceylon,
BOMBAY.

THE ORIENTAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1874.

FUNDS OVER RS. 3,50,00,000.

INVESTED IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

LOW PREMIUMS.
GENEROUS CONDITIONS.
PROMPT PAYMENT OF CLAIMS.
ECONOMICAL MANAGEMENT.

For Prospectus, containing all particulars, apply to

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CENTENARY 1809-1909.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE Co.
ESTABLISHED 1809.

CHIEF OFFICES:
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LONDON: 61 Threadneedle Street.

Total Funds Exceed	£13,333,000
Total Revenue for 1907 Exceeded	£ 4,000,000

The sum of over ONE MILLION STERLING was divided among Participating Life Policy-holders in 1908, yielding a BONUS at the Rate of £1-3-0 per cent per annum not only on the original sums assured but also on all subsisting Bonuses.

POLICIES in some cases have been MORE THAN DOUBLED in amount by the addition of BONUSES.

NEW SCHEME.

Double Endowment Assurance in India at English Rates. Full particulars on application.

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NORTH BRITISH and MERCANTILE INSURANCE Co.,
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Shipped by T. HINE & Co.,
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(ESTABLISHED 1763.)

T. HINE & Co.'s
V. S. O. P. BRANDY.
(A very superior Old Liqueur Brandy, imported for the first time in India, 40 years old.)
Per dozen Quarts ..... Rs. 120

T. HINE & Co.'s
3 STARS BRANDY.
(Very superior Old Brandy, 21 years old.)
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PALE ONE STAR BRANDY.
(Used at the Principal Clubs and Messes)
(9 years old.)
Per dozen Quarts ..... Rs. 50

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CROFT MODY & Co.,
BOMBAY.

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VICTORIA TERMINUS,
AND
Messrs. DENISON & CO.,
HUMMUM STREET, BOMBAY.

BANGALORE.—FOR SALE.—A commodious and lofty UPPER-ROOMED HOUSE, with excellent grounds, out-houses and stabling, having horse-boxes arranged and built in the English style, situated in a healthy and quiet part of Bangalore. Any reasonable offer will be accepted. For particulars apply to No. [illegible] care of the "Bombay Gazette."

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SAN PELLEGRINO NATURAL MINERAL WATER.

San Pellegrino Water is an organically pure table water, pleasantly fresh to the palate.

It is most efficacious in the cure of uric acid, gout, gravel and catarrh of the digestive tracts.

50,00,000 bottles were exported in 1908.

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Case of 50 large bottles ... ... Rs. 31-12
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ESTABLISHED 1872.

By Appointment to H. E. The GOVERNOR.

LEADING CONFECTIONERS, CATERERS & BAKERS.

Breakfast, Tiffin, Dinner
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Select Bill of Fare.
Best Wines and Spirits.

STEAM BAKERY,
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BREAD BAKED TWICE A DAY.

Kiln-dried Flour, The Best Household Flour in 7 lb. tins.
Cabin and Crew Biscuits.
Prices on Application.

STANDING REPUTATION
OVER 37 YEARS.
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Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

Largest Importers of and Dealers in:—

Kerosine and Lubricating Oils.
Pratt's Motor Spirit.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine.
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

Kerosine Oil Brands:—

Snowflake 150° in cases.
Chester 125° „ „
Monkey 125° „ „
Elephant in tins and bulk.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

BOMBAY MILLOWNERS' ASSOCIATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Government of Bombay have appointed TUESDAY, 30th November 1909, for the purpose of BALLOTING for a representative of the Association to serve on the Legislative Council of H. E. the Governor.

The BALLOT BOX will be OPEN in the Room of the Association, from 10-30 a.m. till 5 p.m. on that day.

By Order of the Committee,
J. B. LESLIE-ROGERS,
Bombay, 17th November, 1909. Secretary.

BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY AND TRAMWAYS COMPANY, LIMITED.

TENDERS FOR SUPPLY OF CLOTHING.

TENDERS are invited and will be received by the Undersigned up to 3 p.m., on 26th November, 1909, for the SUPPY of CLOTHING required for:—

CONDUCTORS,
DRIVERS,
STARTERS,
INSPECTORS,

and other uniformed employees of the Company for the 15 months commencing from 1st January, 1910.

2. The Managing Director reserves the right to select one or more items from any tender without reference to the other items on the same Tender and the tenderer shall be required to supply the same at the rates quoted.

3. A successful Tenderer will be required to deposit with the Company the sum of Rs. 500 in cash or approved securities as security for the faithful performance of his contract and this will be returned to him on the expiry of the Contract.

4. The material of all clothing supplied to be in accordance with the Company's samples which may be seen on application to the Storekeeper, at his office, in Colaba Depot. The Storekeeper will also give any further information necessary.

5. The Managing Director does not bind himself to accept the lowest Tender or any Tender.

F. C. RIMINGTON,
Managing Director.
Colaba Causeway,
Bombay, 18th November, 1909.

LIST OF ESTATES to which Letters of Administration have been granted to the Administrator-General, Bombay, and of Estates which have come under his charge:—

LOUIS BRAZ MIRANDA, late a Clerk, in the employ of the G. I. P. Railway Company, Bombay, East Indian Inhabitant.
JOHN GEORGE VINT, late Engine Driver, G. I. P. Railway, Igatpuri, European.
REGINALD SELOUS, late Captain, 1st Battalion, York and Lancaster Regiment, Quetta, European.
DAYABHAI FAKIRBHAI and BAI GULAB, his widow, late of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant.
SUB-CONDR. ERNEST JOHN GOUGH, late of the Ordnance Department, Quetta, European.
AVDI NARAYEN, late of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant.
Mrs. MARIA ADELAIDE VIEGAS, late of Poona, Christian Inhabitant, a widow.
KASTURCHAND ANUPCHAND, late of Bombay, Marwadi Inhabitant.
ORUMBAI SAKIRBAI, late of Bombay, a Russian pilgrim.
AINALA MALAYA RAMAYA, late of Bombay, Phoolmali, Kamati Hindu, a shopkeeper.
GEORGE F. STEUART, late Manager, The Rob Schaellibaum Company, Bombay, European.
RANGEEBAI, late of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant.
ESSOOFALLY RAJBHAI, late of Bombay, Borah Merchant.
LUKHMIDAS DAMODAR, late of Bombay, Bhatia, Hindu Inhabitant.
A. P. PATTON, late Guard, G. I. P. Railway, Lonavla.
JAMES MORTON MASON, late of Poona, European, a Bookmaker.
GEORGE SELBY DRAYTON, late in the employ of Messrs. Kemp and Company, Bombay.

All persons having Claims against, being indebted to, or holding property belonging to the abovenamed estates are hereby requested to state their Claims, pay their debts and hand over such property to the Undersigned forthwith. All Claims must be sent to the Undersigned within one month from the date of this advertisement. At the expiration of the said period the Assets of the Estates will be distributed, and Claims received after that period, will not be recognised.

J. SANDERS SLATER,
Administrator-General.
ADMINISTRATOR-GENERAL'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT, BOMBAY, THE 17TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1909.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that GULAMALLI JIWAJI PANCHMARIWAL of Bombay, Borah, Mahomedan Inhabitant, has contracted to SELL the property hereinafter described to our client ABDUL TYAB ESMAILJI; all persons therefore having any claim or demand against or to the said property, either by way of mortgage, gift, sale, use, trust, possession, inheritance, lease or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the Undersigned at their Office No. 57, Esplanade Road, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or demand and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All those two pieces or parcel of Fazendari land or ground situate at Sarang Street, in the City of Bombay, (of which the Fazendar is Samsudin Tyaballi and the Fazendari annual rent payable in respect thereof does not exceed Rs. 8-14 and both which pieces bear Fazendars Nos. 240 and 242), together with the messuages, tenements or dwellinghouses standing thereon, containing by admeasurement 169·25 Square Yards, and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under B. Ward Nos. 158 and 159, Street Nos. 238-240 and 242, Sarang Street, and bounded on the North by the property of Essoofalli Hassonally, on the South by the property of Mahomedalli Hassonalli, on the West by house gully, and on the East by Sarang Street, and which said premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of the Vendor and his tenants.—Dated this 17th day of November, 1909.

EDGELOW, GULABCHAND, WADIA & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

UNION FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF PARIS.

APPLICATIONS will be received by the Undersigned, at his Office, in Navsari Chambers, up to the 24th Instant for the POST of LOCAL MANAGER of the Company, in Bombay.

MAURICE FERRAND,
Inspector General.

TO BE LET.

TOP FLOOR of PARK HOUSE, Middle Colaba, with 5 Rooms, two verandahs, and servants' quarters. Open on all sides, direct Westerly Seabreeze, Electric Light and Fans. Rent Rs. 200. Apply to—

FAZULBHOY CHINOY,
1st Floor.

RAILWAY BOARD.

TENDERS FOR TIMBER SLEEPERS.

SUBSIDIARY NOTICE.

WITH reference to the Railway Board's advertisement dated, Simla, the 6th October, 1909, calling for Tenders for the supply of 1,25,000 Broad Gauge Sleepers 10' by 10" by 5" for the Eastern Bengal State Railway, it is notified for the information of intending Tenderers that Tenders for Sleepers 9' 6" by 10" by 5" will also be received and considered by the Railway Board in response to the above call.

R. C. F. VOLKERS,
Secretary.
Calcutta, the 12th November, 1909.

WANTED.

WANTED a qualified survey NIMTANDAR, with thorough knowledge of classifications of lands and assessment work. Pay Rs. 75, rising to Rs. 100 by five annual instalments. Horse allowance Rs. 15. Applications, with testimonials, stating age, caste and details of previous service, should reach the office of the Revenue Commissioner, Bhavnagar State, before 20th November, 1909.

Bhavnagar, 23rd October, 1909.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

BOMBAY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Government of Bombay have APPOINTED TUESDAY, 30th November, 1909, for the purpose of BALLOTING for a representative of the Chamber to serve on the Legislative Council of H. E. the Governor.

The BALLOT BOX will be OPEN at the Office of the Chamber, from 10-30 a.m. to 4 p.m. from 26th November to the 30th November (inclusive.)

By Order of the Committee,
J. B. LESLIE-RODGERS,
Bombay, 17th November, 1909. Secretary.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

WEEK END EXPRESS TRAINS BETWEEN BOMBAY AND LONAVLA.

UNTIL further notice the DOWN and UP LONAVLA WEEK END EXPRESS TRAINS will CEASE to run.

A. MUIRHEAD,
General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 17th November, 1909.

NOTICE.

THE CARRIAGES of Ladies and Gentlemen ATTENDING the RECEPTION at GOVERNMENT HOUSE, on the 18th November, 1909, will enter by the Upper Gate, and pass out by the Lower Gate.

On arrival at the Platform one ticket will be issued to the occupant, and one bearing a similar number will be affixed to the lamp of the carriage. On departure as carriages come up the numbers will be called and should owners not be present on the platform their carriages will be sent round.

II. Gentlemen attending the Reception on 18th November, 1909, in Motor Cars, are informed that they must have a licensed chauffeur as no cars will be permitted to remain in the grounds of Government House. They will be parked with other carriages according to the numbers allotted to them.

III. Gentlemen attending the Reception at Government House on the 18th November in Motor Cars are desired to note that no Motor Cars will be permitted to pass horse carriages down the Lower Drive as the guests are leaving.

S. M. EDWARDES,
Commissioner of Police.
Bombay, 16th November, 1909.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
SUIT No. 238 OF 1908.

JAMNAVAHOO, widow ... ... *Plaintiff.*
vs.
1. JIVAVAHOO, widow ... ...
2. SAKERVAHOO, widow ... ...
3. LAXMIVAHOO, widow ... ... } *Defendants.*
4. DEWJI DAMODAR LAKHMIDAS KHIMJI ... ...

PURSUANT to the Consent Decretal Order of Reference of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, made in the above Suit and bearing date the seventh day of September, 1909, Notice is hereby given that all persons claiming debts or liabilities affecting the estate of the late Damodar Lukhmidas Khimji, deceased, who died at Bombay, on or about the 22nd day of June, 1907, are hereby required to file such claims in writing in the English language, in my Office, within one calender month from the date hereof and the said claimants are required to specify their names and addresses, the full particulars of their claims and statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities, if any held by them or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefits of the said order. Each claim must be accompanied by a Court fee Stamp of Rupee One for filing the same.—Dated this 29th day of October, 1909.

A. M. KAJIJI,
Ag. Commissioner.

BANKS.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS' BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
MOTILAL'S MANSIONS, Hummum St., BOMBAY.
BRANCHES:
MUMBADEVI,
AHMEDABAD.

CAPITAL Rs. 1,00,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS will be opened from the 1st of September, 1909, and interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 5 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amount for 12 months are received at 5 per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents, the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

JAINARAYAN HINDUMAL DANI,
Managing Director

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ...Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP ... „ 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND..... „ 1,75,000

DIRECTORS:

SIR SASSOON DAVID, Kt., Chairman (Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co., Bombay.)
SIR COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Bart., (Messrs. Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)
SIR FREDERICK LEIGH CROFT, Bart.
RATANJEE JAMSETJEE TATA, Esq.
GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq (Messrs. Khattau Makanjee and Co., Bombay).
LALUBHAI SAMALDAS, Esq., (Bhownuggur.)
KHETSEY KHAISEY, Esq., (Messrs. Heerjee Khetsey and Co., Bombay.)
RAMNARAIN HURNUNDRAI, Esq., (of the firm of Hurnundrai Ramnaraig, Bombay.)
The Hon'ble Mr. IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA, C. I. E.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balance from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 2 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Banks grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertake on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; they also undertake the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

THIS WEEK.
THE GREAT AVIATION WEEK AT CHAMPAGNE.
3 SHOWS NIGHTLY, 3,
including Sundays,
7 to 8. 8-30 to 9-30. 10 to 11 P. M.

SATURDAY, SPECIAL LATE SHOW,
10-15 to 11-15 P.M.
ADMISSION AS USUAL.
NOTE THE NEW LOCATION.
Next Municipal Building, Bori Bunder.

SKATING RINK.

PRACTICE SESSION, 8 to 9 A.M.
Admission and Skates, 8 annas.

GENERAL SKATING, 6 to 8 P. M.
Admission and Skates, One Rupee.

GENERAL SKATING, 9-30 to 11-30 P.M.
BAND in attendance.
Admission, One Rupee.
Skates, One Rupee.

MOTOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements in this Column, not exceeding one inch, will be inserted on payment of Re. 1 per insertion. "Pro rata" for extra space occupied. Replies will be sent to all Advertisers Free.

THE GENERAL ENGINEERING CO.

Beg to inform the Public that they have the following SECOND-HAND CARS FOR SALE:—

		Rs.
DARRACQ.—12 H.P., 5 seats	... ...	3,000
DE DION.—6 H.P., 3 seats...	... ...	1,000
Do. —8 H.P., 4 seats ...	... ...	2,600
WOLSELEY.—8 H.P., 4 seats	... ...	1,700
Do, —12-14 H.P., 7 seats...		For offers.
ORLEANS.—15 H.P., 5 seats	... ...	3,400
HORBICK.—12-16 H.P., 4 seats	... ...	3,500
PANHARD.—15 H.P., 5 seats	... ...	3,400
BIANCHI.—25-30 H.P., 5 seats	... ...	5,000
De. DION.—9 H.P., 4 seats...	... ...	2,100
REO—18 H.P., 5 seats	... ...	For offers.
BEAUFORT—8 H.P., 3 seats	... ...	2,100

All above Cars complete with hood, lamps, etc.

WANTED Two Small Run-about Cars.

They will also undertake REPAIRS to any type of Cars, and have fitted up a workshop with the best modern Machinery for that purpose.

Training of men as chauffeurs a speciality.

CARS BOUGHT AND SOLD.

THE GENERAL ENGINEERING CO.,
1 BRITISH HOTEL LANE, APOLLO STREET.
(Opposite Lipton's).

"HOT WEATHER SUITINGS."

Best china silk suit, from Rs. 20, 22 8 and 25.
Mercerised Tussore „ „ Rs. 11-8, 12-8 and 15.
F. Holland „ „ Rs. 11 and 12.
Best white English drill suit, from Rs. 6.
„ „ „ Trouser, Rs. 2-8.
„ „ Ram Ram Twill shirts, Rs. 8 for ½ dozen.
„ „ Striped Pajama suits, from Rs. 2-8 to Rs. 3.
Patterns self-measurement.
A trial is solicited.

THE NEW BOMBAY TAILORING CO.,
115, Hornby Road,
Opposite York Building, FORT.

ROLLED STEEL BEAMS
BRITISH & CONTINENTAL MANUFACTURE.

5,000 TONS { STEEL BEAMS, STEEL ANGLES, STEEL TEES, CAST-IRON PIPES }
KEPT IN STOCK IN BOMBAY.

Prices quoted on receipt of specification for Delivery at any Railway Station or Sea Port in India.

GEO. SERVICE & CO.,
King's Building, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

THE NEW "REVLUO PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUO" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.
They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:
Nickel, Rs. 2-8. Gold, Rs. 30.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

"SPECIAL SHORT" ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

DO YOU WANT A FLAT, BUNGALOW OR OFFICE? We can suit you at once. Ours is a reliable European Agency.—LUARD BARRINGTON and Co., 109, Horuby Road, Bombay.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET (behind the Bank of Bombay), where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotations given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED by Supervisor with experience in P. W. D. and Railways. Apply to W. G., care of this Office.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION revised and enlarged, Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling, Advancing by 32nds from 1s 3d. to 1s. 4d. Also Includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values—Due Dates. Price Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office

GUARANTEE.—"Giras [illegible]ntee," A Collection of Decisions, etc., on [illegible]garding Giras, Wanta, and their Guaranteed Rights [illegible]. P. Parekh Rs. 6. Apply Box No. 408, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

HOUSE FOR SALE—AT BANGALORE, A commodious and lofty UPPER-ROOMED HOUSE with excellent grounds, out-offices, and stabling, having loose boxes arranged and built in the English style situated in a healthy and quiet part of Bangalore Any reasonable offer will be accepted. For particulars apply to No 536, care of the "Bombay Gazette."

INDIAN TRAVELLERS' RAILWAY GUIDE.—Copies of the Guide with coloured Railway Map duly corrected are issued on the 1st of each month and may be had at Messrs. Whesler & Co.'s Bookstall on the principal Railway Station platforms or at the "Bombay Gazette" Office—Price 8 annas.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the Bombay Gazette Electric Printing Works, 2 Green Street, Fort.

JOINT STOCK COMPANIES.—Proxy and Transfer Forms at Two Annas each. Special Quotations for large quantities with name of Company inscribed Apply at THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Leading Cases By W. H. H. Re. 1. Apply Box No. 404, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices:—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 3 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance.

OVERLAND "SUMMARY AND WEEKLY BUDGET."—Published Weekly (on Saturdays) in time for the English Mail. A complete resume of Indian News particularly interesting to Anglo-Indians, retired or on leave. Subscription, inclusive of postage, One Sovereign or Rs. 15 per annum. Back numbers, if available, 3 annas each up to 12 months old; over 12 months, an additional rupee for every year

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Mods Buildings. Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence. Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Bars, Brand new Billiard Tables, Dinner Re. 1-4-0; Tiffin, Re. 1-0-0; Breakfast As. 12. Dinner served till late hours.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorial, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c. printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James' Douglas, Rs. 5, Apply Box No. 408, c/o. Bombay Gazette" Office.

SATISFACTION FOR 10 YEARS.—I have great pleasure to certify that Singer's Sewing Machine gave me every satisfaction for 10 years during which time they have been in use in my family.—GORDHUNDASGOCULDASTEJPAL, Malabar Hill, Bombay.

SPECIAL OFFER.—COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," Re. 2-4 per thousand; and if printed on flap, Re 3-12 per thousand. Samples on application at "The Bombay Gazette" Office.

THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the Office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 13A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street Fort behind the Bank of Bombay.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey." Bombay to the Bosphorus Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary, Rs. 10, Apply Box No. 4, 9, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

WANTED.—A FIRST CLASS ENGINEER to erect a Press apparatus. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 2608, care of this Paper.

WANTED.—TWO MATRIC TEACHERS and one UNDERGRADUATE or B.A., for a High School. Apply Dr. DESAI, Valod, Zilla Surat.

WANTED.—A First Class Mechanic with experience in high speed engines and some knowledge of Electrical Plant. Salary according to qualifications. Permanent employment offered with free quarters. Apply with copies of testimonials, stating age, training and salary expected. Apply to Box No. 1335, care of this Paper. No application will be considered which does not give all the particulars asked for.

WANTED.—A GENERAL MANAGER for the Ganesh Flour Mills Company, Ltd., of Delhi. Applicants must have experience of Wheat Milling Concerns. A good salary can be given to a really good man. State your terms and apply to RAJ NARAIN, Esquire, Barrister-at-Law, and Chairman of the Board of Directors, Delhi. Applications will be considered on 8th December, 1909.

WANTED by an OFFICER for ABOUT 4 months share in a BUNGALOW or FLAT in or near Queen's Road, or 3 rooms in same. Apply, Box No. 2648, care of the "Bombay Gazette."

WHERE TO STORE YOUR THINGS? with LUARD BARRINGTON and Co., the reliable European Agency for domestic wants, 109, Hornby Road, Bombay.

YOUR PIANO.—Does it need TUNING or REPAIRING? We place the services of a thoroughly Competent Workman at your disposal. Our charges are MODERATE but whatever we do for your Instrument, we guarantee that it will be done as well as it is possible.—MARCKS & Co., LD., AGENTS for the world-known "Bluthner" Pianos, Bombay and Poona.

BANK OF BOMBAY.
SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January, to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

GENERAL FAMILY PENSION FUND.

ESTABLISHED 1870.

ACCUMULATED FUNDS, FIFTY-TWO LAKHS.

THE objects presented to all Europeans and Anglo-Indians by this Fund are much more suited to the wants of a husband and father than those presented by Insurance Companies securing capital sums payable at death.

12, Dalhousie Square, East Calcutta.

REMOVE ALL BLOOD IMPURITIES.
BUILD-UP YOUR HEALTH with
WILKINSON'S
ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA
SARSAPARILLA
"We cannot speak too highly of it."—*Lancet.*
Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most
WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD
The Safest and most Reliable Remedy for TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, RHEUMATISM, OBSTINATE SKIN DISEASES, &c.
RESTORES THE WEAK,
REVIVES THE DEPRESSED
WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA HAS A WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION for over THREE-QUARTERS of a CENTURY.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS AND SUBSTITUTES.

AGENTS:—TREACHER & Co., Limited; PHILLIPS & Co., Limited; KEMP & Co., &c., &c.

NEEDLESS EXTRAVAGANCE.

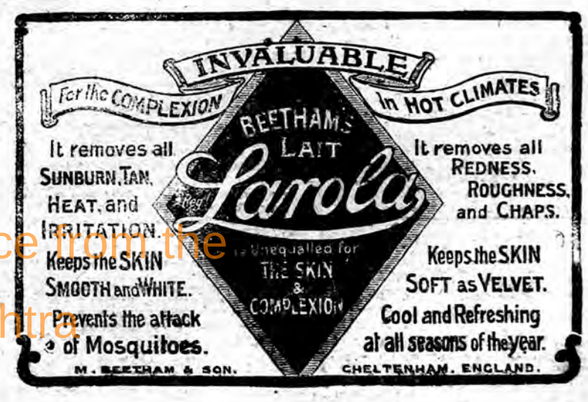
Why should You Throw away the Rupees?
SAVE YOUR MONEY, BUT DRINK GOOD WHISKY.
BUY HUNTLY BLEND
at Rs. 2 Per Bottle.
You will find it better than many Brands for which you now pay Rs. 2-8.

GARLICK & Co.,
SOLE AGENTS FOR SHANKS & CO.

LARGE STOCKS: CLOSETS, BASINS, SINKS, URINALS, FLUSHING TANKS, ETC.

JACOB'S CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

EMPIRE OF INDIA
Life Assurance Company, Limited.
Head Office: BOMBAY.
Last year's business—Rs. 60,00,000.
INTENDING ASSURERS ARE INVITED TO COMPARE THE RATES AND CONDITIONS OF THE
Empire of India Life Office
WITH THOSE OF
ANY OTHER COMPANY
Before entering into a Contract for Life Assurance examine the
ANNUAL REPORT AND BALANCE SHEET
To satisfy yourself of the position of the Company.
THE PREMIUMS
are so moderate that, at the usual ages for assurance, Rs. 1,200 or Rs. 1,250 may be secured from the first for a yearly payment which would generally elsewhere assure Rs. 1,000 only—the difference of Rs. 200 or Rs. 250 being equivalent to an immediate and certain Bonus of 20 or 25 per cent.
Prospectus, Proposal forms and full particulars may be obtained from
E. F. ALLUM, *General Manager.*


INVALUABLE
For the COMPLEXION
In HOT CLIMATES
BEETHAM'S
LAIT
Larola
It removes all SUNBURN, TAN, HEAT, and IRRITATION.
Keeps the SKIN SMOOTH and WHITE.
Prevents the attack of Mosquitoes.
It removes all REDNESS, ROUGHNESS, and CHAPS.
Keeps the SKIN SOFT as VELVET.
Cool and Refreshing at all seasons of the year.
Unequalled for THE SKIN & COMPLEXION
M. BEETHAM & SON.
CHELTENHAM, ENGLAND.

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"Bombay Gazette,"

BANKS.

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LONDON 52—Threadneedle Street, E.
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CAPITAL.....£ 6,000,000
SURPLUS.....£ 796,815
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BANK OF ENGLAND.
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BRANCHES in all Principal Towns of France, Bombay, Tunis New Orleans, Melbourne, Sydney and all principal towns of Madagascar.
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L. COMBE,
Manager.

THE BANK OF BURMA, LD.

Subscribed Capital..... Rs. 20,00,000
Paid up Capital..... „ 17,55,000
Reserve Fund..... „ 1,80,000
LONDON BANKERS—PARR'S BANK, Ld., and WILLIAM DEACON & Co., Ld.
Agents and Correspondents throughout India,
HEAD OFFICE—RANGOON.
BRANCHES:—CALCUTTA, MADRAS and BOMBAY.
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Purchase and Sale of Stock effected and every description of banking business transacted,
F. D. STRANACE,
Manager.
Standard Buildings, Bombay, Sept. 1908.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... £ 1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... £ 800,000
RESERVE FUND..... £ 750,000
HEAD OFFICE:
17, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON.
BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Cawnpore	Newera-Eliya.
Bombay,	Tuticorin,	Aden (Camp.)
Madras,	Chittagong,	Aden, (Steamer Point)
Karachi,	Rangoon,	Zanzibar,
Lahore	Mandalay,	Mombasa,
Amritsar,	Colombo,	Nairobi,
Delhi,	Kandy,	Hotebbo.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.
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BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.
DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.
LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.
Post Box No. 141, BOMBAY. J. BLACK, Ag. Manager.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital..... $ 10,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors..... $ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund..... $ 10,250,000
Gold Reserve Fund..... £ 1,500,000
COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY	HONGKONG	RANGOON
BANGKOK	KOBE	SAIGON
BATAVIA	LONDON	SAN FRANCISCO
BOMBAY	LYONS	SHANGHAI
CALCUTTA	MANILA	SINGAPORE
CANTON	NAGASAKI	SOURABAYA
COLOMBO	NEW YORK	TIENTSIN
FOOCHOW	PEKING	YOKOHAMA
HAMBURG	PENANG	YLOILO
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CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.
FIXED DEPOSITS
Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on term which may be ascertained on application.
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C. H. WILSON,
Agent.
CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

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COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, 10TH NOV. 09.] [BOMBAY, 17TH NOV. 09.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus
2½ per cents, Consols... ...	83 3/4	1/16	
2½ do. Rentes	99 1/4	un chgd	
2½ do. Sterling Loan ...	87 3/4	1/4	
3½ do. Govt Securities....	82 13/16		1/16
Bar Silver in London ...	23 5/16	1/16	
do. do. 2 months' hence	23 3/8	1/16	
Silver in New York	... ..	...	...
Exchange on London at Paris...	25·20 1/2	un chgd	
do. do. do. Berlin....	20·46 1/2	un chgd	
do. do. do. New York.	.....	...	...
Discount Bank of England Rate,	5	Since 21st Oct.	
do Short London Bills			
3 months' sight.	4 1/4	1/8	
do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight...	3 7/8	un chgd	
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	4 7/8		1/8
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills ...	4 7/8		3/8
Interest Day-to-day Loans ...	3 7/8		3/8
do. 7-day Market Loans...	4 1/4		1/4
Bar Gold (per oz.).....	77/9	un chgd	

Amount paid into the Bank of England £225,000
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate). 1s. 3 15-16d. unchgd.
Transfers on Bombay Rs. 500,000 at 1s. 4 5-32d.
Closing Tone of Silver.—Firm.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL :—

Spots		Quiet.
Futures		Quiet.
Fair Indian		Quiet.
Manchester	Quiet but steady.	
Total Sales		6,000
Called		1,000
Imports		73,580
32 Mid. Americans ...		7·71 unchgd.
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown ...		11 3-4 unchgd.

Future Delivery Prices :—

Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
7·54	7·55	7·57	7·60
—01	unchgd.	unchgd.	unchgd.
Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May	May-June	June-July	July-Aug
7·63	7·64	7·66	7·65	7·63
unchgd.	unchgd.	unchgd.	unchgd.	unchgd.

NEW YORK :—

Receipts at U. S. Ports	67,000	Bales.
Do. do. last year	90,000	,,
Exports to Great Britain ...	11,000	,,
Do to Continent	20,000	,,

Spot Cotton—14 95 + 15
Futures—Month of Dec. 14·53+15 } First tone mutilated advanced on unfavourable weather reports.
Do. do. March 14·28+16 }
NEW ORLEANS :—
Spot Cotton—14 7-16+1-16.
Futures—Month of Dec. 14·34+20.
Do. do, Mar. 15·12+20.
Closing Tone of Spot—Firm.
Quotations for Coffee, Silver and Demand Bill are mutilated.

WHEAT.

White Choice Karachi, C.I.F.—40 1-4—Nov.-Dec.—London—Value.
Red Karachi, C. I. F.—40—Nov.-Dec.—Liverpool—Done.
Tone of Wheat.—Firm.

AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian,—37 1-2—Jan.-Feb.—Done—Firm.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—
Brown Cawnpore—41 3-4—Nov.-Dec.—Antwerp—Sellers.
Tone of Rapeseed—Easier.
LINSEED :—
Tone of Linseed.—Firm.
Linseed Argentine La Plata 47 7-8—Dec.-Jan.—Amsterdam—Done.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SUGAR :—
German granulated sugar, double bags, C. and F. India 13s. 2 1-2d.
Months of Shipment—Nov.-Dec.—Sellers,
Tone of Sugar.—Steady.
RUBBER—
Para Rubber—8s. 3 1-2d.—Value.
ARRIVALS :—
"Crew Hall," "Langton Hall" and "Rinaldo."

BOMBAY MARKETS.

WEDNESDAY EVENING.] [17TH NOV. 1909.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importer.
1 Box Sovs	Rs. 2,910	Alexandria	J H E Obadiah
Gold Coins ..	342		
1 Box Sovs	825	Suez	R Kangabhoy & Co
Rupees	910		

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 15th November, 1909.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway.....	54	62,208
B. B. & C. I. Railway	47	56,160

FINANCIAL.

BANK RATES—
Bank of England... 5 per cent. from 21st Oct.
Bank of Bengal ... 5 per cent. „ 13th Nov.
Bank of Bombay... 4 per cent. „ 4th Nov.
Bank of Madras ... 5 per cent. „ 16th Nov.

MONEY :—
The Bank of Madras on Wednesday raised its official rate to 5 per cent. per annum.

EXCHANGES :—
The Market remains firm in tone but being Council Bill Day there has not been much doing. The general quotation for Telegraphic was 1s. 4 3-32d. but with business 1s. 4 1-8d. could be done at more than one Bank. Credits were perhaps a shade easier because of easier discount rates, but in view of the prospect of dearer money here quotations are expected to remain firm for the present. Far Eastern rates are steady.

We quote :—

E. T. on London ...	1s. 4 3-32d. to 1-8d.
Demand Draft ...	1s. 4 1-8d.
Credits—3 months' sight ...	1s. 4 3-8d. to 13-32d.
Do 6 months' sight ...	1s. 4 17-32d.
Do 3 months' sight—France	172
Do 3 months' sight—Marks	140
Hongkong—30 days' sight...	127 1-2
Yokohama—30 days' sight ...	151 1-4
Shanghai—30 days' sight ...	170 1-2

GOVERNMENT PAPER :—
The market at opening was quoted 93 7-16 ready and 93 5-16 for the Settlement. In the early part of the day the tone was firmer than has been the case for some time and rates recovered 1-16 to 93 1-2 ready and 93 3-8 for the account. Later on rates again became easier and at the close the market is steady at the opening quotations. Calcutta rates are advised as 93 9-16 readdy and 93 7-16 in a month.

We quote :—

Cash	Re.	93 7
1st Settlement	„	93 5

BULLION :—
On Tuesday the price of Bar silver in London improved 1-16 to 23 5-16 for cash and 23 3-8 for delivery forward in two months. Our local market has been firmer to-day. The ready rate opened at 58 5-8 ex duty and has advanced to 58 3-4 on Bazaar buying. Forward quotations are also firmer and close as under.

Bar Gold is steady.

We quote :—

English Bar Gold	Rs. a. p. 26 2 6	
Australian Bar Gold	26 0 0	
Bombay Bar Gold	24 0 0	
English Shield Sovereigns	15 0 0	
English Dragon Sovereigns	15 0 0	
Silver ex Duty—Ready	58 12 0	
Ditto 1st Settlement	58 12 0	
Ditto 2nd Settlement	59 0 0	

COTTON.

Market Report :—The market opened steadier and though Reuter's American telegrams did not arrive until late in the day, private wires reported an advance of 18 points in these markets. Prices were quoted Rs. 2 higher all round, but the enquiry continues very moderate and little business has been done during the day At the close the market is steady as under.

In ready cotton a moderate business was put through at Colaba and prices were steady.

QUOTATIONS :—	Rs.	Delivery.
Fine M. G. Broach	203	Mar. 1910.
Good M. G. Broach	234 1-2	,, ,,
Fine M. G. Nagpur-Khamti ...	225	Jan. 1910.
Fine M. G. Damangaum-Pulgaon	255	,, ,,
Fine M. G. Khangaum-Akola ...	251	,, ,,
Fine M. G. Amraoti	251	,, ,,
Fine M. G. Muttra	244	,, ,,
F. G. M. G. Khandeish ...	232	,, ,,
Fine M. G. Khandeish ...	242	,, ,,
Fine M. G. Bengals	236	,, ,,
Fine M. G. Bengals	238	Dec. 1909.
Fine M. G. Bengals	243	Nov. 1909.
F. G. H. G. Bengals	214	Jan. 1910.
Good Westerns. ...	272	April May 1910
Good Saw Ginned Dharwar ...	235	,, ,,

LIVERPOOL OPENER :—

Opening Tone	Steady.
Estimated Sales	7,000 bales.
Total Imports	15,000 ,,

Future Delivery Prices :—

Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
7·52	7·52	7·55	7·59
+03	+05	+03	+03
Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May	May-June	June-July	July-Aug
7·71	7·72	7·74	7·73	7·71
+03	+03	+03	+05	+05

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED :—
The market is quiet but steady with a small business passing.

We quote :—

Ready	Rs. 9 13 0	B.T.
April-May	„ 9 0 0	B.T.

RAPESEED :—
The market is dull with little doing.

We quote :—

Ready Brown Cawnpore...	Rs. 6 11 0	B.T.
Ready Yellow „ ...	„ 7 1 0	
Ready Yellow Gujarat ...	„ 7 4 0	
Brown Delhi, Apl.-May ...	„ 7 6 0	B.T.
GINGELLYSEED :—		
Bold White	Rs. 43 0 0	
White Khandeish	„ 46 0 0	
Black Kutki	„ 38 12 0	
Red Khandwa	„ 41 8 0	
POPPYSEED :—		
Ready	Rs. 2 5 0	
Tone—Firm.		
CASTORSEED :—		
Ready ... ... —	Rs. 34 0 0	
Apl.-May	„ 6 9 0	R.T.
Tone—Steady.		
COTTONSEED :—		
Dec.-Jan....	Rs. 23 0 0	
Tone—Steadier.		
GROUNDNUTS :—		
Jan.-Feb.	Rs. 37 8 0	
Tone—Steady.		
MOWRASSEE :—		
November-December ...	Rs. 6 3 0	R. T.
Tone—Steady.		
WHEAT :—		
The market is quiet but steady.		
We quote :—		
White Delhi, November...	Rs. 5 15 0	R.T.
White Delhi, April-May ...	„ 5 7 0	

YARNS.
The market is steady and business is reported in 10's at 6 3-32 to 6 7-16, in 12's at 6 9-32 to 6 17-32 and in 20's at 7 1-16 to 7 3-32.

THE SHARE MARKET.

BANKS :—	
Bombay	1,480
India	66
Indian Specie	54
MILLS :—	
Crescent	95
David ... ... —	410
Kohinoor	722 1-2
Manockji Petit	3,410 Dec.
PRESSES :—	
New Berar	535
MISCELLANEOUS :—	
Bamankua Manganese	10
Bombay E. S. & T. Co. Ordinary	94
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ord. Preference.	152
Bombay Steam Nav. Ordinary...	330
Colaba Land and Mill	1,125
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate ...	18 1-2
Treacher & Co	565
RAILWAYS :—	
Ahmedabad-Prantej	592 1-2
Tapti-Valley	430

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton and Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. yesterday :—

Cotton	20,904 bales.
Wheat	2,172 cwts.
Linseed	6,042 ,,
Rapeseed	1,600 ,,
Gingellyseed	28,694 ,,
Poppyseed...	195 ,,
Groundnuts	2,815 ,,
Castorseed	1,497 ,,
Rice	6,953 ,,
Myrabolams	15 ,,
Cottonseed...	29,840 ,,
Mowrassee...	1,705 ,,
Gram	1,383 ,,
Joowar	nil
Maize	1,462 ,,

MEMORANDUM.

The balance of the Gold Standard Reserve on the 31st October 1909 in India and in England amounted to £18,604,437, and was held in the following form :—

1. As a book credit in India ...	£ 344
2. Rupees in India equivalent to (at £1=Rs. 15)	£7,286,734
3. Cash placed by the Secretary of State for India in Council at short notice	£ 1,236,799
4. British and Colonial Government Securities	£10,080,560
Total ...	£18,604,437

HOME REMITTANCES.

The Treasury, Calcutta, 15th Nov. 1909.

The weekly Memorandum of Remittances to the Home Treasury :—

1 Amount estimated in the Financial Statement to be remitted during 1909-10	£16,200,000
2 Amount of Sterling Demand Drafts on London drawn in India	£ 156,000
3 Total	£16,356,000
4 Remitted from 1st April 1909 to 13th Nov. 1909, by Council Bills*...	£12,786,047
„ „ By Gold ...	£ nil
5 Balance to be remitted from 14th Nov. 1909 to 31st March, 1910...	£ 3,569,953

* Of this sum £3,800,000 has been taken to the account of the Gold Standard Reserve.

DAILY EXPORTS.—NOV. 17.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Elysia s—30 bales cotton, Glazebrook and Co; 18 bales cotton, P Vishram and Co; 156 bales wool, N Goculdas; 18 bales wool, G Gungadass; 39 bales wool, L Haridas; 40 bales wool, N Khatow; 350 bales wool, B Harbhawan; 300 bags wheatflour, D Tejpal; 1,200 cwts wheat, E Valnjee and Co; 100 bales wool, H H M Jaitha.

FOR LONDON.

Malwa s—1 case opium, P and O Co; 11 bales hides, B Esmail; 4,003 cwts cottonseed, W Becher; 14 bales skins, W and A Graham and Co.

FOR HULL.

Linden Hall s—6,000 cwts castorseed, and 32,000 cwts cottonseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co; 2,000 cwts castorseed, N Laloobhoy.

Germanic s—5,002 cwts cottonseed, W Becher; 4,000 cwts castorseed, E D Sassoon and Co.

King Howel s—4,000 cwts castorseed, E D Sassoon and Co; 8,000 cwts cottonseed, Volkart Bros.

FOR ANTWERP.

Barbara s—2,000 cwts gingellyseeds, R P Nanavuty and Co; 2,000 cwts rapeseed, 2,000 cwts gingellyseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co; 25 bales cotton waste, W Wolf and Sons; 20 bales cotton Gaddum and Co

FOR HAMBURG.

Lydford s—4,000 cwts rapeseed, 600 cwts poppyseed, 200 cwts mustardseed, Volkart Bros.

FOR BOSTON.

Elysia s—212 casks skins, H M Halim.

FOR MANCHESTER.

Elysia s—4 bales twist, the Svadeshi Mills and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Elysia s—5,000 cwts gingellyseed, 1,000 cwts castor seed, Louis Dreyfus and Co; 100 cwts caschew nuts, 200 cwts gum, M Jafferbhoy.

FOR GENOA.

Moorfield s—3,200 cwts castorseed, Ralli Bros.

Calcutta s—160 bales cotton, H Goculdas and Co; 2,000 cwt linseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co.

Treneglos s—35 tons iron, T Hakimji and Sons; 550 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR BARCELONA.

Elysia s—70 bales cotton, Glazebrook and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Delta s—2 cases opium, P and O Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Delta s—600 bales twist, C Ebrahim and Co; 200, bales twist, M M Essabhoy.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, NOVEMBER 17.

The storm from the Bay has now practically disappeared without having much influence on the weather conditions over the land.

The rainfall has been confined almost entirely to Central Burma and the South of Eastern Bengal and Assam. Falls of one inch at Mandalay and Akyab are the largest recorded.

The forecast gives a light rain as likely to continue in Eastern Bengal and Assam and Upper Burma.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 17TH NOVEMBER.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Wednesday, the 17th November, 1909, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal at Multan and Sirsa, but in excess at the other stations. Maximum is higher than usual in the submontane districts; the minimum is above normal nearly everywhere.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear. The usual amount of moisture is present in the air. Day temperature is in excess over the whole division; night temperature is also above normal at Jhansi.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are lightly clouded in Lower Sind but remain clear elsewhere. Humidity is in excess at Karachi but normal at the other stations. Maximum temperature is in excess in the northern half of the division but normal in the southern half; the minimum is normal in Rajputana and higher than usual in Sind.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear. The moisture in the air is in excess at Bhuj and Veraval but equal to the average elsewhere. Temperature is generally normal.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are generally clear. Humidity and temperature are nearly normal.

The Konkan.—Skies are generally. The moisture in the air either equal to or above the average. Temperature is normal except for a defect during the day at Ratnagiri.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature is normal.

General Remarks.—Trichinopoly records 0·20" of rain; and over the rest of the reporting area weather has been fine.

Dry weather is likely.

N. LESLIE,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

Pilotage Statement :—

	For week ending 29th Oct. 1909.	Total from 1st April to 29th Oct. 1909.	For week ending 29th Oct. 1908.	Total from 1st April to 29th Oct. 1908.
Vessels piloted into Harbour.	21	621	25	643
Vessels piloted out of Harbour.	20	625	23	622
Vessels transported	6	427	20	459
Vessels attended to	3	31	...	50
Vessels warped	...	27	...	11

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY Lt.-Col. R. W. L. DUNLOP, V D,

Bombay, 18th November.

518.—Detail for the week ending 20th instant.

Friday, 19th instant.—All Recruits of the current season to parade at Headquarters at 6-30 p.m.

519.—Musketry.—The Range at Ghat Kopar will be available for Class Firing as follows :—

Saturday 20th (Morning and afternoon).—Trains leave Victoria Terminus at 6-25 a. m. and 1-50 p. m.

Sunday 21st instant.—Reserved for "D" Company. Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6-45 a. m.

520. Transfer.—6177 Cadet A. Soloman is transferred from "M" to "F" Company with effect from this date.

521.—Enrolment.—The undernamed having been enrolled are taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to Companies as follows:—

No. 4467 Cyclist W. Bland, No. 6559 Cyclist A. A. Browne, No. 6800 Cyclist B. H. M. Raisin, No. 6801 Cyclist E. I. Lester, No. 6803 Cyclist G. Booker, "E" Company.

No. 6803 Vol. L. Drien, "F" Company.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
Adjt., B. V. R.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR J. W. HAWES, COMMANDING, B. V. A.

Bombay, 18th November.

693 PARADES.

No. 1 and 2 Companies. There will be no parade for No. 1 and 2 Companies on Saturday 20th Nov. 1909.

694 TRANSFER.

No. 1.261 Gr. W. W. Stewart is transferred from No. 2 Company to No. 4 Company Ahmedabad.

E. P. CUDLIP, Lt., R. A.,
Adjt., B. V. A.

NOTICE.

The Regimental Committee Meeting called for Thursday 18th inst. is postponed to Thursday 25th inst. at the B. V. A. Club at 7 p. m.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

TEN Change for ANNOUNCEMENT of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS, and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Re. 1 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

EUROPE.

DEATH.

NELSON—November 14, at West Kirby, Cheshire, J. H. Nelson of Messrs. Shaw, Wallace and Co. aged 24. Deeply regretted. (By cable.)

INDIA.

BIRTHS.

CAMPBELL—November 14, at 8, Minto Park, Calcutta, the wife of Kenneth Campbell, of a son.

CAMPBELL—November 11, at Kohat, the wife of Lt.-Colonel A. A. E. Campbell, 26th Punjabis, of a son.

DOVER—November 9, at Benares, the wife of Wilmot C. Dover, Bhinga Raj, of a son.

GEOGHEGAN—At 5, Hatrington Street, Calcutta, to Captain and Mrs. A. O. Geoghegan, a son.

SMITH—November 13, at Jabbulpore, the wife of M. F. C. Smith, Indian Telegraph Department, of a son.

MARRIAGE.

ANCELL—HODSON—November 13, at Calcutta, by the Revd. Archdeacon Luckman, Herbert Ancell, Bengal Pilot Service, to Caroline Louise Hodson.

DEATHS.

BLANEY—October 14, at Allahabad, Caroline Delia, widow of the late Duncan Twining Blaney, aged 57 years.

BLANEY—October 26, at Allahabad, Duncan Charles, Traffic Department, E. I. Ry., third son of the late Duncan Twining Blaney, aged 34 years.

H. T. BINKS,
UNDERTAKER
AND
MONUMENTAL SCULPTOR,
Byculla Bridge, Byculla, Bombay.
TELEPHONE NO. 347.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises. 6h. 47m. Sun sets, 6h. 1m.; High water, 2-22m. 2-34.; Low water, 8-12m. 7-56a.

H. E. the Viceroy in Bombay.

Address from the Bombay Chamber of Commerce.

Motor Drive round Malsim and Selective.

Presentation of Orders and Medals.

State Banquet and Reception at Government House, 9-45 p.m.

Municipal Standing Committee.

Excelsior Cinematograph, near the Municipal Office

Maxim : "Short reckonings make long friends."

THE WEEK'S CALENDAR.

Friday, November 19.—H. E. the Viceroy in Bombay. Visits to Arab and Water Stables, also to the Cama Hospital. Inspection of the Massagen-Sewri Reclamation and of the New Docks. Visits the Ladies' Club. Dinner with the Commodore. Her Highness the Begum of Junagadh's Purdah Party in honour of Her Excellency the Countess of Minto, 5 p.m. to 7 p.m. Sun rises, 6h. 48m.; Sun sets, 6h. 0m.; High water, 8-9m., 8-58a.; Low water, 2-10m., 8-26a.

Saturday, November 20.—H. E. the Viceroy in Bombay :—Address from the Corporation, Town Hall; Departure for Bijapur, Victoria Terminus, 10 p.m. Fifth Criminal Sessions, High Court, 10-30 a.m.

Monday, 22.—Municipal Corporation, 3-40, p.m.

LADY MINTO AT THE SEVA SADAN.—Her Excellency Lady Minto has accepted an invitation to visit the Seva Sadar, Bombay, at 10-15 a.m. on Saturday.

A HINDU LADY'S BENEFICENCE.—Bai Manekbai, wife of a Hindu pattedar of Umreth, has contributed a sum of Rs. 75,000 for charitable purposes, and entrusted the amount to trustees nominated by her for the purpose.

CONCERT AT THE Y. W. C. A.—A concert in aid of the funds of the Young Women's Christian Association, Bombay, will be held at the rooms of the Association on Saturday evening next, when a programme will be supplied by a party of Bombay amateurs.

THEFT OF STENCIL PLATES.—With reference to the notice, re theft of tile stencil plates, Messrs Garlick & Co. inform us that their work will not be stopped, as they are making new pattern tiles until other stencils arrive from England.

A CANDIDATE FOR THE JUSTICES' ELECTION.—Mr Jugmohundas Vurjivandas, who served as a member of the Corporation on a former occasion for six years, is a candidate at the next general Municipal elections as a representative of the Justices of the Peace.

THE NAWAB OF SACHIN.—Accompained by two aides-de-camp and a retinue of 35 men, the Nawab of Sachin arrived in Bombay on Tuesday, and has taken up a temporary residence in Mr. M. A. Rogay's bungalow at Chowpatty. He is to join H. E. the Governor's personal Staff as an Aide-de-Camp.

PRIVATE MEETING OF THE BOMBAY MILLOWNERS' ASSOCIATION :—A private meeting of the Bombay Millowners' Association was held on Tuesday evening at the offices of the Chamber of Commerce, when the subject for consideration was the rules framed by a committee of their body for the election of a representative on the enlarged Legislative Council. The rules were discussed and adopted.

BAND AT THE PRINCESS VICTORIA MARY GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Colonel S. J Sarjant, V. D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, G.I.P. Railway Volunteers, will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. A Mallandaine, Bandmaster, commencing at 6-15 p.m. to-day:—

March .....Bavarda	.....H. Starpe
Overture .....Flotte Bursche	.....Supps
Idyl .....The Glow-Worm	.....Lincke
Reminiscences of the Plantation	...Chambers
Valse .....Ciribiribin	.....Bucalossi
Selection .....A Country Girl	.....Monckton
Patrol .....U. S. A	.....Cogmoore

A FATAL MISTAKE.—Mr. G. F. Chalk, the Coroner, held an inquest yesterday at the Sir J. J. Hospital, touching the death of a Hindu girl named Dawkibai, aged 18 months, residing with her parents at Fergusson Road. It appeared from evidence that the mother of the deceased had been in the habit of giving the child opium in very small quantities. On Monday last the child came across the box containing opium and swallowed from it a quantity which was worth about one anna. The mother tried household remedies but as the condition of the child grew worse she was removed to the hospital where she died last night. The jury returned a verdict that the child died from having taken opium which was left by her mother within her reach at its usual spot.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

Some Fine Aviation Pictures.

THE Excelsior Cinematograph entertainment is evidently as popular an institution in Bombay as ever judging by the crowded audiences which have been assembling there each evening. The entertainment is of the greater interest at the present time when everyone is so anxious to learn more of the new science of aviation and is looking forward to an appearance of that aeroplane which is said to be in the making somewhere in India. In the meantime the best way to increase one's knowledge of the flying machine is to witness the very vivid series of pictures representing incidents selected from each day of the Rheims meeting. These pictures are exceedingly well done and give a very clear idea of what an aeroplane in full flight must look like. Besides these there are several other good series, including two or three which are exceedingly funny and one can say without hesitation that this week's programme is one of the finest which the management have ever presented.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

HIGH COURT.

DISPUTE OVER A HEAD-DRESS.

Rule Discharged.

Before Mr. Justice Chandavarkar and Mr. Justice Heaton.

KIKABHOY MAHOMEDALI BOTH VS. MAHOMED AHMED ARAB AND ANOTHER.

For the first Accused-appellant :—Mr. Branson and Mr. Haveliwalla, instructed by Mr. R. W. Desai.

For the second Accused-appellant :—The Hon'ble Mr. C. H. Setalwad and Mr. Haveliwalla, instructed by Mr. R. W. Desai.

For the Complainant-respondent :—Mr. R. B. Raikes, instructed by Messrs. Jamshedji, Rustomji and Devidas.

This was a rule calling upon the complainant to show cause why the Sub-Divisional Magistrate should not be asked, whether before dismissing the appeal preferred by the accused against the convictions recorded against them and sentences passed upon them by Mr. S. R. Desai, Third Class Magistrate of Kapadvanj, the petitioners were either heard in person or by their pleader.

The accused were placed before the Third Class Magistrate of Kapadvanj on a charge of assaulting and insulting the complainant. It appeared that the complainant had gone to dine at a caste-dinner held at the jamatkhana of the Borah community at Kapadvanj as usual, when the accused went up to him and assaulted and insulted him. The version of the accused was that the complainant had gone to dine at the jamatkhana with a "feta" (head-dress) on and the Amil ordered them (the accused) to tell the complainant that he should go and come back after putting aside his "feta" and putting on a white turban. They accordingly went to the complainant and conveyed to him the Amil's order, whereupon some friends of the complainant commenced beating them and they were only saved by several of the witnesses.

The Magistrate had convicted the accused after recording evidence and sentenced the first accused to pay a fine of Rs. 50 or, in default, to undergo rigorous imprisonment for 14 days; and the second accused to pay a fine of Rs. 25 or, in default, to undergo rigorous imprisonment for 7 days. Against this decision the accused appealed to Mr. A. K. Cama, who confirmed the order of the Lower Court.

After hearing the arguments, Their Lordships discharged the rule.

COMMITTED TO THE SESSIONS.

Before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate.

Chaturbhuj Oorji, formerly a Mehta in the employ of the Cotton Merchants' Association, was charged at the instance of Mr. Nusserwanji Cooverji, Manager of the same Association, with criminal misappropriation and cheating in respect of four sums of money, amounting to Rs. 461, and with forgery. Mr. Visaji F. Visaji, pleader, appeared for the complainant. It was alleged by the prosecution that the accused was dismissed in October, 1907, and since then he had collected the amounts mentioned above from certain cotton merchants as yearly contributions payable to the Association, and in doing so he made out false receipts and forged the signatures of the complainant and two of the trustees of the Association.

After recording evidence, His Worship committed the accused to take his trial at the ensuing Criminal Sessions.

INSOLVENCY COURT.

Before Mr. Justice Davar.

RE HAJI JANMAHOMED HAJI MAHOMED.

Mr. H. C. Coyaji, instructed by Messrs. Crawford Brown and Co., appeared for an opposing creditor, Haji Jakeria Patel, and applied for an order for the stay of the sale of the goods of the insolvent of his Chuckla Street shop pending the hearing of the appeal which was fixed for hearing on the 6th December next.

The Hon'ble the Advocate-General, instructed by Messrs. Captain and Vaidya, appeared for the Official Assignee and in opposing the application, said that the goods in the shop had deteriorated and if a further stay was granted it would be detrimental to the interest of the general body of the creditors.

His Lordship ordered the stay of the sale till the disposal of the appeal.

RE SORABJI DADABHOY LAM.

Mr. Mankar for the insolvent applied for and obtained leave to serve notices and amend the schedule.

RE KUNJBIHARI RABENARAYEN AND OTHERS.

Mr. Rustam D. N. Wadia, instructed by Messrs. Bicknell Merwanji and Romer applied for and obtained two months' extension of time to serve the rule for the revocation of adjudication order on the insolvents.

RE CHODHARI MUSSA.

On the application of Mr. Kolaskar the insolvent was given two months' extension of the interim order.

RE SURSING MATHURADAS.

Mr. Mankar, for the insolvent, applied for and obtained two months' extension of the interim order.

RE PURANMULL BALMUKH.

Mr. Ardeshir Kapadia, for the insolvent, applied for two months' extension of the interm order. The learned counsel said that the insolvent had entered into a composition deed and there was every possibility of his selling with his creditors. His Lordship granted the application.

RE LAKHMIDAS NARANJI.

Mr. Mankar, for the insolvent, applied for and obtained leave to amend the schedule and serve notices on his creditors.

RE SHAIK ABDUL REHIMAN.

Mr. Mankar appeared for the insolvent and applied for the discharge of the rule ordering the insolvent to pay Rs. 20 out of his salary towards the costs incurred at the previous insolvency. The learned counsel said that insolvent had paid for fourteen months and he had obtained his discharge on the last court day.

Mr. Rustam D. N. Wadia, for a creditor, applied that the costs awarded to his client by the order of the 15th July 1908 be ordered to be paid out of the assets in the hands of the Official Assignee.

His Lordship did not accede to Mr. Wadia's request discharged the rule made against the insolvent for payment of Rs. 20 every month out of his salary.

DISCHARGES.

The following insolvents received their discharges :—Vishnu Sakharam Vani, Hassanali Mulla, Abdulali and another; Assria Madan; Ahmed Fakir Mahomed, Mahomed Musaa Memon and another; Raghunanth Balkrishna, Vali Raja; Framji Pestonji Madan; Hassan Khan Bin Ahmed Khan; Yusuf Khan Daria Khan and another; Hormasji Merwanji Bode; Atmaram Jagannath; Hassam Kassam and another; Namdev Babaji; Mahomedali Shamshudin; Shaik Hussen Khan Bakhtar Khan and another; Asadali Mahomedbux; Pochaji Jijibhoy Shroff; Pandurng Nathuba; Ali Khan Maugal Khan; Mahomed Ismail Jusub and another and Kadarbhoy Alibhoy and another.

HIGH COURT.—NOV. 18.

(Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE DAVAR.)

For Judgment on Motion.

296-08 Ardeshir H D and Co Teju Kaya and others vs Dowraj To kersey and others Daphtary F and D Raghavaya B and N Edgelow G W and Co.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.
Long Causes.

276 09 Mulla and M Aishabai vs Haji Umar Adam and others Little and Co Matubhoy J and M.

457-09 Captain and V H Natha and others vs Mulji Haridas and Co a firm Nanu H and Co part heard.

331-09 Mulla and M M D Noronha and another vs Viscount de Wrem and others part heard.

For Further Directions and Costs on Commissioner's Report.

423-06 Thakerdas and Co the Advocate General of Bombay vs Hirji Ardeshir Dady and others Ardeshir H D and Co Thakerdas and Co.

114-08 Captain and V the Advocate General of Bombay vs N Mahomed Ally bin Mahomed Amin Ragay and others Craigie B and S P S Balliwalla.

115-08 Captain and V the Advocate General of Bombay vs N Mahomed Ally bin Mahomed Amin Ragay and others Craigie B and S P S Batliwalla.

116-08 Captain and V the Advocate General of Bombay vs N Mahomed Ally bin Mahomed Amin Ragay and ohters Craigie B and S P S Batliwalla.

For Hearing Exception on Acting Commissioner's Report.

221-05 Crawford B and Co Ayeshabai widow vs Ebrahim Haji Jacob and another Payne and Co.

Long Causes.

723-09 Crawford B and Co, Noorbanoobai and another vs Abdool Rusmi Kanji Parpia, Wadia G and Co.

649-07 Bicknell M and R Manockji C Petit vs G Sakoor and another Jehangir and S.

276-09 Mulla and M Aishabai vs Haji Oomer Haji Adam and others Little and Co Matubhoy J and M.

475-09 Captain and V Mistry Keshaw Monji vs J Phillip Arayel Smitham B & Co.

514-09 Payne & Co S-M Oomer Dosal a firm vs Sha Devji Hansraj a firm Jamshedji R & D.

484-09 Bhai Sankee K and G Poonumchand Toorsiram vs Mahomedbhoy Esmfbhoy and another. Payne and Co

455-09 Captain and V Naran Magan vs Hargoman Maganlal Mulla and M.

478-09 Payne and Co Aga Goolam Hoosein Lari vs Aga Faruksha bin Aga Akbarsha Pestonji R and D.

487-09

FOR INDIAN PRINCES AND TRAVELLERS VISITING BOMBAY.

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As there are several places of the same name kindly look to our address particularly next to the Currency Office.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

THE German East Africa Line Steamer Kaunzler, 1,864 tons, Captain H. Moich, arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Dareselam, etc. with a general cargo and 17 cabin and 113 deck passengers.

THE B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Lhasa, 941 tons, Captain H. McDiarmid, arrived in harbour on Wednesday from the Persian Gulf, &c. with a general cargo and passengers.

THE steamer Markgraf, 2,325 tons, Captain W. Timm, arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Jedah, with a general cargo.

THE Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Company's steamer Persia, 3,779 tons, Captain P. Guargevich, arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Trieste, &c. with a general cargo and passengers.

THE steamer Langdale, 2,515 tons, Captain R. Clarke, arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Glasgow, &c. with a general cargo and explosives.

THE Hamburg American steamer Cleveland, 10,234 tons, Captain C. H. R. Dempwolf, will sail to-day for Colombo, with 432 tourists as passengers.

THE B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Dwarka, 759 tons, Captain W. Moxon, will sail to-day for Persian Gulf, &c. with a general cargo and passengers.

THE B. and H. S. N. Company's steamer Fakhri, 2,555 tons, Captain Revill, will sail to-day for Jedah with ballast.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

DOCKYARD.

H. M. S. Redbreast.....Lieut Tisdall .....Royal Navy
H M S Perseus.....Capt F G Bird.....R Navy
H M S Proserpine...Capt J T Marshall .....R Navy
R I M S Lawrence ...Comdr E G Mills.....R I Marine
In the Stream.
H M S Sphinx...Comdr N Harvey .....R Navy

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Nov. 17.

Alavia	2324 Hill	D & P S N Co
Britannia	1909 Hales	Bo & H S & Co
Banca	5095 Collyer	P & O Co
Blake	2896 Hill	W & A Graham & Co
D Baldaino s	2634 Maganzini	F & R S N Co
Glendhu	2629 Norrie	M M & Co
Irish Monarch	2792 Bettre	K Nixon & Co
Kasara	205 Elton	M M & Co
Kaunsler	1864 Moich	A Strandes
Loodiana	3124 Rees	Calcutta M M & Co
Lawada	2124 Lane	M M & Co
Markgraf	2325 Timm	A Strandes
Nanrilahar	212 Macoda Sultan of Nusat	
Nizam	2041 Morgan	T Morrison and Co
Salt	1448	Bo & H S N Co
Sanctoria	2378 Ward	W & A G & Co
Strathness	2818 Lamont	K Nixon & Co
Wearbeck	3446 Lewis	
Waroonga	1609 Morrison	M M & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Nov. 17.
PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Tons.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Delta	4780	Snow	Shanghai	24-11	P & O Co
B Birkhall	2731	Jones	Antwerp	25 11	S Smidt & Co
CAR Trafford Hall	3436	Wood	Karachi	21 11	K Nixon & Co
D & E F S Ciampa	2453	Maresca	Gerston	27-11	W & A Gram & Co
F Germanic	2171	Barrow	Hull	26-11	W & A G & Co
G Mozaffari	1387	Mcloug	Zanzibar	22-11	B & P S N Co
H Firozi	2006	Watson	Jeddah	18-11	B & P S N Co
K Calcutta	2244	Young	Genoa	19-11	J Mackintosh & Co
L Shah Jehan	2566	Davidson	Jeddah	20 11	B H S N Co
M Fakhri	2555	Revill	Jeddah	18-11	B & H S N Co Ld
N Harlesden	2724	Gray	Philadelphia	25-11	R A Willis
O Barbara	2444	Hopborn	Antwerp	22-11	W & A Graham & Co
P Linden Hall	2549	Sullock	Antwerp	27-11	W & A G & Co
Q Hopemount	2105	Steward	Dunkirk	19 11	W & A G & Co

Off-side D

City of Vienna...2979 Greenhorn...Jeddah .....20-11 K Nixon & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Yetorofu Maru...3068 Soyeda ... ...Kobe .....17-11 N Y Kaisha
2 Elysia .....6500 Haig...Liverpool ... 24-11 W & A Graham & Co
3 Ceylon Maru...3143 Pyne...Kobe 27 11 N YKaisha
4 Lydford...3575 Tyson ...R'dam...27-11 T Morrison & Co.
5 Ischia...2481 Belsito...H'kong 17-11 F & B S N Co
6 Moorfield...2725 Feleming .....Genoa .....25-11 K Nixon & Co
7 King Howel...2831 Davies .....Antwerp.....27 11 T Morrison & Co
9 Delhi ....4784 Gardon ...Shanghai ...8-12 P & O Co
10 & 11 Dwarka ..759 Moxon...Basreh...18-11M M & Co
13 Malwa...5901 Tocque ...London...20-11 P & O Co
15 Nerbudda...1961 Coll ...Stream ...17-11 M M & Co
16 Trivoglos .....2487 Luke .....Genoa .....20-11 T Morrison & Co

M W D D

H M S Hyacinth...Capt Dick .....R Navy

ARRIVALS.

Nov.	Vessel.	Commander.	From
17	Kaunzler s	Moich	D'ranlem, Nov 5
	Lhasa s	McDiarm i...	Karachi, Nov 15
	Markgraf s	Timm	Jedah, Nov 9
	Persia s	Giurgevich...	Trieste, Oct 27
	Langdale s	Clarke	Glasgow, Oct 1

DEPARTURES.

Nov.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
17	Bamo s	Barrand	Rangoon, &c
	Lehia s	Belsito	Hongkong, &c
	Yetorofu Maru s.	Soyeda.....	Kobe, &c

The following vessels obtained their portclearance on Wednesday :—
Steamer Cleveland, Dempwald, for Colombo.
" Dwarka, Moxon, for Persian Gulf,
" Fakhri, Revill, for Jedah,

The following vessels began to load on Wednesday :
Steamer Ceylon, Mara, for Kobe, &c.
" City of Vienna, for Jedah,
" Kaunzler, for Zanzibar, &c.

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NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum or Rs. 20 per cash in advance, including delivery.

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NOTCE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

All communications of a literary character should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the GENERAL MANAGER. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed BOX 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette.

THURSDAY, NOV. 18, 1909.

THE STUDY OF INDIAN INSTITUTIONS.

SIR COURTENAY ILBERT introduced the series of lectures on Indian institutions at the London School of Economics, which was arranged some time ago, and his remarks, so far as we know, have not been repreduced until now, when they appear in the November number of the *Empire Review*. Sir Courtenay went through the whole field of study—physical conditions, vital phenomena, economics, social structure and law and administration and, for the benefit of the students who heard him, indicated the best books for their purpose. Holding that England and India have much to learn about each other, he went further and declared that the more thoroughly they know each other the more they will respect and appreciate each other. Sir Courtenay Ilbert thinks we are sometimes tempted to take a pessimistic view of Indian problems, and to fear that they are too difficult to be soluble by human ingenuity or human energy. Sir Courtenay once upon a time had reason to be pessimistic, for he expended both ingenuity and energy in vain. But he has come to the conclusion that perhaps the best corrective of that frame of mind is to take an historical survey of Indian institutions and to consider what has been done in the past, and what can be done in the future, and looking back over years of past experience, he is bound to say that the Government of India has done magnificent work in restoring and maintaining order and security throughout the whole of its vast dominions. During the last half century it has undertaken with great activity not merely the negative functions of preventing disorder which every Government must perform, but the positive functions which are expected of a modern State, such functions as the promotion of education, sanitation, irrigation, improvement of communications, improvement of agriculture and, in general, the development of the intellectual, moral and physical resources of the country. And in so doing, he reminds us it has been conducting experiments which, from the students' point of view, deserve the most careful examination and comparison with the legislative and executive action of other States and, from the statesman's point of view, involve the exercise to an exceptional degree of a combination of courage and caution. Some of the experiments, he had to confess, had failed to realise the expectations on which they were based, as all human experiments are liable to. "The Government of India has been criticised, will be criticised and is the better for criticism," says Sir Courtenay Ilbert, and a Government which cannot stand criticism is not worth having. The Government of India not only stands it, but invites it.

Yet here is the opinion, after criticising the Government of India and being himself criticised along with it, Sir Courtenay Ilbert expresses: that if its record is surveyed as a whole by a competent and impartial critic, the conclusion he will come to is that it is the most gigantic and in many respects the most successful experiment in the art of government that the world has ever seen. A study of Indian institutions must confirm this opinion in the minds of serious students. They are warned, however, that they must study at first hand. Sir Courtenay Ilbert in urging this, explains that where documents, such as laws or regulations are concerned, the student should study the documents themselves and not be content with such account of them as is to be found in manuals. And more: the student should not confine his studies to books, not even to Blue Books, but should also study what may be called the human side of laws and institutions, the mode in which they actually work and affect the conditions of human life, which can only be learnt by careful observation and by converse with those who have to put laws into operation and upon whom laws operate. Students destined for official life in India are warned that they will often find the routine work of their office laborious and exhausting, while much of their time will necessarily be taken up by the compiling of reports and the preparation of returns, but he commends to their careful attention the words of Lord Morley last June, when addressing young men intending to become Indian Civilians, wherein he urged them to lose no opportunity of making themselves personally acquainted with the people of the country in which they are to serve, of talking to them in their own language, of trying in every possible way to discover their opinions, their grievances, their points of view, and should always endeavour, so far as in them lies, to make the work of administration as little modern and mechanical, as much elastic and human as is possible. Conversely Sir Courtenay impressed upon the Indian student who has gone over to England to try and find out all he can about the actual working of English laws and institutions, about English habits and modes of thought, about vital and social conditions in England and that he should do so by attending, as far as he can, judicial proceedings and meetings of local governing bodies, by asking questions and by using his eyes and ears in every possible way.

In explaining to the student how he should read, Sir Courtenay Ilbert drew his illustrations mainly from that branch of his subject with which he is more specially conversant, namely, Law and Government, and laid it that if the student wants not merely to learn the letter of a law but to understand its true, inner, vital meaning, which alone can be a guide to the way in which it has worked, is working and is likely to work, —the spirit of the law—he must do three things. He must study it historically, comparatively, as well as at first hand. If he wishes to know the true meaning of a law he must trace it to its sources, he must study its historical development; it must be compared and contrasted with other laws which have come into existence at other times, in other countries and under other conditions; he must inquire how far resemblances are to be explained by affiliation, by imitation, conscious, or unconscious, direct or indirect, or by similarity of conditions; and to what causes—historical, racial, religious, climatic, political, social or economic —differences are one. "Keep these questions always present to the mind. For it is on this historical and comparative method that is based the scientific study, not only of law, but of language, of religion, of all social and political institutions." It was with such sound advice and sage counsel that Sir Courtenay Ilbert opened the series of lectures which may have good and far-reaching effect and gave the key-note which the lecturers would do well to adopt.

FAMOUS WRITERS OF JOHN COMPANY.

THE old East India Company had in its service in its home establishment in Leadenhall Street some distinguished literary men, and some of these famous writers of John Company are pleasantly commemorated by Mr. Beckley Willson in the current *Fortnightly Review*. Mr. Willson, though he is a Canadian journalist, is well acquainted with the records of the India Office, and he wrote some years ago a comprehensive history of the E. I. Company. His present paper also shows his close knowledge of the files of correspondence carried on within India House in the old days. The most famous among the Company's officials at home were Charles Lamb and the two Mills, father and son. These three men between them served for sixty-six years from 1792, when Lamb began as a clerk to 1858, when the younger Mill retired on the extinction of the Company. Mill showed a fine sense of loyalty to his former masters of the Company when he declined a seat on the new India Council offered him by Lord Derby, the first Secretary of State for India, by way of protest at the undeserved sacrifice of the innocent Company which he had done much to defend with his pen and philosophic soumen. Lamb, though he was thirty-three years in Leadenhall Street, and served the Company conscientiously all the while, being treated handsomely in return getting from it not only a very good pension for himself but having it continued to his sister after his death, did not leave his mark at the India House, probably because he disliked his work. But the case of the Mills was far different. James Mill, the historian and follower of Bentham, and John Stuart Mill, the economist, logician and radical philosopher, ruled the Company's affairs at home, and for thirty years drafted all the important despatches on the gravest subjects that were sent out to the high officials in India.

During the final crisis in the Company's life, John Mill made a valiant effort to vindicate its rule from baseless charges. He wrote that celebrated petition to Parliament against its extinction, which we reprinted some time ago, and which, Mr. Willson tells us, Earl Grey pronounced to be the ablest State paper he had ever read. His services to the Company are even greater than those of his father, great as they were too, and we wish somebody would be found to record them at length as they deserve. It is strange that there should be no full biography of him. The late Dr. Bain, who was the fittest man to write it, only contented himself with writing a criticism of his works with a very thin biographical thread running through it. Thomas Love Peacock, famous as a novelist and friend of Shelley, was also an official at Leadenhall Street. But whilst his *Headlong Hall* and *Crotchet Castle* are still read and admired, his work at the India House is completely forgotten. He was considered a very important official in his day and his appearances before Parliamentary Committees on Indian affairs were frequent. He had, however, to do one unpleasant duty for his employers, for he had to justify in public the deportation of Silk Buckingham—not Buckenham as Mr. Willson calls him—the independent journalist from Calcutta by the Company. It must have gone against the grain for him to resist a fellow penman's claims to compensation, and he must have been heartily glad when he was defeated and Buckingham's claim allowed. Even before Mr. Lamb's days there were a few noted literary men in the Company's employ, among whom John Hoole is prominent. Hoole was very well known in his days as the translator of Tasso and Aristo. Both these mechanical versions have long since been forgotten; but Hoole is now best remembered as the close friend of Johnson, and figures as such in the pages of Boswell. Johnson specially wrote to Warren Hastings in Bengal to solicit his patronage for Hoole's then forthcoming version of Aristo.

VETERINARY WORK IN BOMBAY.

VETERINARY work in Bombay is divided into two sections, that done at the Veterinary College at Parel and that by the Civil Department and these work largely in co-operation with each other. The report on the former shows that the College continues to grow in efficiency and the fact that appeals are frequently made for graduates to fill important posts not only in India but in other places, such as the Straits Settlements, shows that the training is appreciated at its proper value. This would, however, seem to apply more to posts out of India than within it, for, it appears, the Superintendent of the Central Provinces Veterinary Department enquired as to the number of candidates that would be available for employment under him on a salary of Rs. 35 rising to Rs. 60 in fifteen years. Also the Department in Sind, Baluchistan and Rajputana offered a post of Veterinary Assistant at a salary of Rs. 40 rising to Rs. 100. These were refused by the students and we think rightly, since their acceptance could be nothing less than an acceptance of the idea that the training of the students is valuless. The work to be done by veterinary surgeons in India is very large and very responsible, and it will always be impossible to attract the best men if such a low estimate of their value be held. The Board of Examiners in their report say: "We noticed that in several cases students had not a sufficiently good knowledge of English to express themselves in that language and we think that a somewhat higher standard of general education should be required for admission." With this we agree, provided that Government is ready to pay proper salaries to properly trained men. Several improvements have been effected in the College in the year under report, the most noticeable being the completion of the new College building and the students' quarters, while a great deal of work has been done in the direction of bringing the library up-to-date and of improving the museum. Anticipated improvements are a contagious diseases ward, which has been needed for a very long time, and also dissection and post-mortem rooms. It is very noticeable that the majority of the students are drawn from two places, the chief being Bombay and the second Mysore, whilst other students come from all parts of the country.

The second part of the report deals with the Civil Veterinary Department in which a great many changes in the holding of appointments resulted in rather less inspection work being done. It is shown that the epidemic of rinderpest which had been raging in the previous two years had largely died down, but there was a strong increase in the ravages of haemorrhagic septicemia and foot and mouth disease and also of surra. It is acknowledged that the reports are far from accurate, and it is believed that the cases of contagious animal diseases of all kinds are much more numerous and the losses more severe than generally supposed. The report deals with the difficulties encountered in combating disease and says:—"In order to attempt to overcome the people's ignorance of, and prejudice against, inoculation, pamphlets on the methods of using rinderpest serum and the rational procedure to adopt in combating the disease have been prepared. It is hoped that by distributing this pamphlet and others dealing with contagious diseases (which have also recently been prepared or revised), something may be done to spread correct knowledge of the disease and to induce the people to avail themselves of the benefits of inoculation; but a considerable time must elapse before the value of co-operation in this direction is fully realised, and it is very doubtful if it will ever be possible really thoroughly to control and eradicate a disease such as rinderpest by voluntary co-operation and without legislative measures, as has been proved time and again in European and other countries. Notwithstanding this there is no doubt that with systematic and continuous endeavour something can be done to lessen the mortality and efforts should not be relaxed." The greatest need in this matter seems to be more energy on the part of local Boards and tact on the part of the inoculator.

A *Bombay Government Gazette* Extraordinary gives the list of Mahomedans qualified to vote under the Reform Scheme.

MR. EARDLEY WILMOT, lately Inspector General of Forests, has declined the offer of the Nepal Durbar to come out and report upon the forests of that Sate.

SIXTY the Princes of Wales opened Dover Harbour ten days ago, wrote a London correspondent by the Mail, between sixty and seventy vessels have sheltered in the harbour each day from the gale.

THE *Times of India* has added another excellent number to its series of rupee picture books. It consists of views of Calcutta and Darjeeling and is every way worthy to find a place with its predecessors

A SPECIAL Meeting of the Corporation will be held in the Municipal Office on Thursday the 25th November at 4 p. m. (Bombay Time) for the consideration of the following business: (a) Government letter—Inviting the Corporation to elect an Additional Member of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Bombay; (b) and (c) Notices of Motions (1) from Dr. Nadirshaw H. E. Sukhia, seconded by Mr. Sarafali Momooji, and (2) from Sir Bhalchandra Krishna, seconded by Mr. James Macdonald—For election the Honourable Sir Pherozeshah M. Mehta, K.C. I. E., to be an Additional Member of the Council.

THE GERMAN POINT OF VIEW.

German-English Relations.

BERLIN, OCTOBER 29.

THE views expressed in an English periodical, the "Nation," concerning English-German relations, have been read with great attention in political circles here; the reasons advanced in this article why both countries should live on a friendly footing with one another, and why all warlike entanglements should be avoided, meet with full approval here, as they represent the opinion of all intelligent politicians in this country.

It is quite natural that the English journal should devote a great portion of the article to the question of the fleet, for, during the last few years and even as recently as a few weeks ago, it has been precisely this question which has been the principal cause of estrangement between the two countries. In the first place the "Nation" shows that Germany will not have completed from 20 to 25 Dreadnoughts, by the year 1912, but only 11 or 12, and also points out that the new Chancellor is not at all in favour of an indefinite increase of the German fleet. The opinion is more and more gaining ground here that Germany is primarily a land power, and that sea power is a secondary consideration.

The views thus expressed by the "Nation" are on the whole correct, only certain additions may be made to them. Quite apart from the fact that Germany will only have some dozen Dreadnought by the year 1912, there is an entire absence of vessels of from 14 to 16,000 tons in the German fleet, of which type of ship England built a great number in the last decade of the past century and in the first one of the century we live in. These vessels would play a very important part in naval warfare. This is another reason for considering that Germany does not think and never will think, of waging an agressive war against England. With regard to the new Chancellor, it is quite right that his principal task is to make the income and expenditure of the Empire balance on one another and that, for this very reason, he is not likely to be persuaded into any excessive expenditure. Neither are representative naval circles in favour of any greatly increased expenditure in this direction. Their one object is to have a German fleet, which shall be strong enough to command respect, and they believe that this point will be gained as soon as the naval programme for 1900, together with the additions of 1906, has been carried out. Both in German political circles and among German naval officers complete agreement prevails with the views expressed by the "Nation," viz: that the economical and political situation of Germany demands a fleet strong enough to cause the other nations to respect the claim and interests of the Empire. It is from this standpoint that the development of the German fleet will be proceeded with and this entirely nullifies all English fears of an aggressive policy on the part of Germany, as a fleet kept within the lines laid down by the programme of 1900 can never be in a position to wage a war of aggression against England.

Why then should the more nervous sections of the community in both countries, it must be admitted more frequently in England than in Germany trouble themselves by the thought that such a war is "inevitable." The "Nation" expresses itself with perfect justice in the following words: "A war is only inevitable when it has already broken out. The fact that it threatens and that there are many who believe in its possibility, is no reason why it should break out." In order to justify its remarks, the "Nation" quotes several examples taken from England's relations with France and United States during the 19th century. Some half dozen times there was a danger of war breaking out between England and her cousins across the Atlantic. As examples the occasion may be quoted the occasion when two of the Commissioners of the Federal States forcibly removed two Confederate officials from an English ship, and also the occasion when a privateer, built in England for the Confederates, inflicted great damage on Northern shipping; and finally the occasion when England and America had an acrimonious quarrel about Venezuela. The warlike speech which President Cleveland made on this occasion against England will still be fresh in the minds of many. In the second half of the 19th century there were constant dangers of a war breaking out between England and France; as examples may be quoted: Egypt, the Fashoda affairs and Siam. Nevertheless it never came to a war, on the contrary finally led to the entente, of later years.

These historical comparisons and from the fact that Germany has no desire to compete with England in the matter of naval armaments, the "Nation" comes to the conclusion, that there is no earthly reason why Germany and England should not come to an entente, in the same manner England has done with various other nations. I am of the opinion that official entente is not at all necessary, and also that such an entente is no guarantee of peace. At the time of the Crimean War there existed a very close entente between England and France, nevertheless a few years later, at the time of the Orsini plot and again on the occasion of the annexation of Savoy, the relations between the two countries were none of the best. It seems to me that a far better guarantee of peace than any entente would be for the statesmen, the press and the peoples of England and Germany to convince themselves that each country must respect the other, and that neither has the least evil intentions towards its rival.

CONSTANTIA.

The Port of Constantia, which was declared open on October. 10. already gives every sign of becoming the emporium of the Kingdom of Roumania. When Roumania ceded Bessarabia in return for Dobrudsha in 1878, King Charles at once recognised the necessity for constructing a commercial port, fitted with all the latest modern appliances for the loading and unloading of vessels, on this portion of the shore of the Black Sea. The fact that it would require the enormous sum of 100,000,000 francs to meet the requirements of a modern sea port, proved no hindrance to this pushing little State. This new sea route will greatly facilitate the transport of the most important products of the country, such as corn, wood, and petroleum. The docks already finished occupy a total area of about 180 acres, whereas the quays and landing stages cover some 290 acres. The dock intended for the grain ships is surrounded by 4 storage buildings, capable of holding 35,000 tons each; in addition to this there are 6 different lines of rails, with a capacity for dealing with 1,000 trucks, so that the grain coming by train can at once be put on board ship. The petroleum dock is fitted with 25 large reservoirs, each one capable of holding 5,000 cubic metres; from these the petroleum can be pumped directly into the ships, by means of a communicating pipe; there are also 6 lines of rails, by which 36 tank trucks can be transported immediately on board ship. It is possible to load 7 grain ships and 6 tank steamers at the same time. In another dock there is also accomodation for 8 timber ships. Between 4 and 5 steamers can be moored at the quay set aside for coaling. In all there is room for from 44 to 70 ships at the various quays, the total length of which amounts to 6,420 meters. As in the 10 years during which it has been in course of construction, this newly completed port has trebled the imports and increased the exports sevenfold, the expected increase in Romanian shipping is likely to be of the greatest importance for the economical development of the country.

MUSICAL LIFE IN BERLIN.

Our Berlin correspondent writes on October 21st: With the first of October a fresh musical season began in Berlin. The whole vast mechanism of the musical world suddenly started working; beginners began to arrive from parts of the world to plan those concerts, which so seldom realise the hopes to which they give birth; the great virtuosos leave their visiting cards, and every evening the lovers of music meet together. Some changes have made themselves felt of late in the musical life of Berlin. In quick succession three and even four new concert rooms have sprung into being, and a number of new concert managements have appeared on the scene. This supplied artists, anxious to give concerts, with greater chances and greater freedom of choice. One of these new managements, that of Norbert Salten, has shown itself especially alert and clever.

At the present moment there is nothing to relate with regard to the concerts given by debutants; so far no one of the many has passed the level of mediocrity. A number of the "great guns" have put in an unusually early appearance this year. Tilly Koenen, who both as regards her well-trained voice and taste of execution is second to none, but whose methods are somewhat wanting in warmth, took leave of Berlin audiences at the very beginning of the season, before departing for America. Teresa Carenno has also already put in an appearance; taken all in all she still remains one of the most characteristic and interesting of all living pianists. Ludwig Wullner has once more delighted his hearers by his talented if somewhat mannerised performances, and Ansorge, neither the most elegant nor most amiable of pianists, but in reality perhaps the profoundest musician of them all, has scored fresh triumphs at a Beethoven evening. Chamber music is at the present moment very popular in Berlin; this should be a good sign of an improvment in musical taste, but there is always the fear that it is merely the fashion. In any case there is at the present moment no greater musical treat than an evening with the Rose Quartette, when, as was the case with the first concert, Haydn, Beethoven and Mozart are given. Berlin itself can boast of several good quartetts, as for example the Klingler Quartette, which began so modestly and has achieved so much; From Dresden, Frankfurt and Switzerland have come other quartettes to show us what they can do. The great orchestras and choral societies have also already begun work. Professor Ochs has given us Haydn's "Creation," with the assistance of the Philharmonic Choral Society. What can be said about it? The work has not grown old, it never will do so, and Ochs belongs to the great choral directors of the day. It was a remarkable evening. This year the hundredth anniversary of Haydn's death took place as the day occurred during the dead season, the event will be celebrated later on. Nikisch also dedicated a part of his first concert to the works of the old Master; especially he gave us the finest of the English symphonies, the one in D major. Can anyone who listens to this wonderful work still speak with condescension of "Papa Haydn?" In invention, construction and orchestration it is a veritable masterpiece, and one so nearly related to Beethoven, that one already seems to hear the Titan who was to follow. In the same concert, Meschaert sang two arias from the 'Creation" and from the "Seasons"; a little later Meschaert gave a concert himself, in which he gave Schumann's "Dichterliebe." This excellent singer now over 60 years old, his organ is no longer quite fresh, but he has few rivals to-day in natural dignity, inward feeling, and style.

The opera season has already begun. The Royal Opera House has produced Smetana's "Dalibor," it is said that Miss Destinn, herself a Czech, moved heaven and earth to get her countryman's work added to the repertoire. And now she must have the conviction that "Dalibor" is never likely to have any future outside its native land. Smetana is always charming and graceful in his music, his "Sold Bride" is an excellent musical comedy, but he has not been endowed with dramatic force, and despite the care and attention that was given to his work at the Court Opera House, the inner weakness of his work was always apparent. The Comic Opera has, on the contrary, scored a complete success with Lortzing's "Wildschutz." This is perhaps the most brilliant thing that Lortzing has written, thanks to the genius for parody which runs through the wole work. The members of the Comic Opera company gave a most finished performance, and this charming work, full as it is of characteristic passages and tuneful melodies, is sure to have a lasting success.

L. ASCH.

AUSTRALIA AND EMIGRATION.

Captain F. W. Holden, the Agent in the East for the Immigration League of Australasia, 2 Western Street, Calcutta, has just received a letter from Sydney, the following extract will probably be of interest to many of our readers who are contemplating emigrating to Australia:—

"We are looking out for the men you are sending on the Orontes and will see that they are met when the boat arrives if they are willing to go up-country we can place them all at once at £1 per week and their keep, and during the harvest they should be able to make 6 or 7 a day. Each man will receive £6 grant after they have settled in their employment up-country. You can send us as many men as possible for Western Australia, New South Wales, and Queenland these are the States where there is most demand for labour at present. There will be a great shortages of labour in New South Wales next month to take in the wheat harvest. There are practiestly no unemployed in that State at present. The building trades are exceedingly busy. If any of the Army men cannot get free passages for their wives and have not got sufficient money to pay for them, they should leave them behind if possible, and on taking up their employment they can nominate them to come out at a greatly reduced rate."

Only soldiers completing their term of service with the Colours and Reservists finishing their time are entitled to a free Government passage. Reservists may obtain special permission to complete their time in Australia, providing they pay their own fare. Men who have taken their discharge in India and accepted civil employment have forfeited their right to free passage.

All the immigrants that have been sent from India have been found employment immediately on arrival. Another batch leaves Calcutta to-night, the next lot will be sent forward on the 30th instant and every fortnight afterwards.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 17.

Lieutenant Hayne, 1st Northamptonshire, Regiment is appointed Officiating Superintendent of Gymnasia, Poona.

Lieutenant-Colonel G. E. Bryant, embarks for India on the 1st December on appointment as Commanding, Royal Artillery, Rangoon.

Colonel K. E. Leau has been selected for appointment as Assistant Adjutant-General, Lucknow Division, vice Colonel Jackson who vacates on the 28th instant.

Major Lovell, 29th Lancers, is permitted to retire from the 23rd proximo and Colonel G. M. Porter, R.E., from the 10th ultimo.

Second Lieutenant B. Christie, unattached list, will, on arrival in India, be attached to the 2nd Battalion, Liverpool Regiment.

Sanction has been given to the appointment of Lieutenant G. Bull, Royal Irish Fusiliers, as Adjutant of the 5th Battalion, East Lancashire Regiment, Territorial Force.

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 16.

The following embarked at Southampton on the "Rohilla" on November 12th and are due at Karachi on 2nd December:—12th Battalion, R Munster Fusilers, 127; 2nd Battalion, Liverpool Regiment, 117; 1st Battalion, South Lancashire Regiment, 155; 2nd Battalion, the Black Watch, 97; 1st Battalion, Connaught Rangers, 124; 1st Dragoon Guards, 60; 10th Hussars, 103; 1st Battalion, Royal Sussex Regiment, 81; 1st Battalion, Essex Regiment 105; 1st Battalion, Royal Warwickshire Regiment, 133; 12th Lancers, 102; Royal Horse Artillery 50; Army Ordnance Corps, 13; and furlough men 6.

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 17.

Major Elliot, R.A.M.C., is appointed Sanitary Officer, Lahore Division.

Major Lushington to be Supply and Transport Officer, 3rd Class.

Major Tilley reverts to Military employ and posted to the Military Works Service.

Captain White, I.M.S., is appointed Specialist in the Operative Surgery for the 8th Lucknow Division, and Captain Secombe, R.A.M.C., Specialist in the Prevention of Disease for the Brigor Laboratory, Jullundur.

The Government of India have sanctioned for another (the current financial) year the tentative arrangement, under which the State bears the charges on account of carriage from Arsenals and back of camp equipment lent to Volunteer Corps for their annual camp exercises.

GENERAL SIR EDMUND BARROW is proceeding on four months' leave in consequence of a slight attack of phlebites contracted when at Aden on inspection.

IT is understood that the Provincial Contract for Eastern Bengal and Assam will be revised this cold weather. The Currency Notes Bill rendering ten-rupee notes universal is also to be passed into law.

POLITICS IN ENGLAND.

THE LORDS' REJECTION RESOLUTION.

Great Fight Commences.

ACTIVITY IN THE CONSTITUENCIES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, NOVEMBER 16.

The terms of Lord Lansdowne's motion for the rejection of the Budget are as follows:—"That this House is not justified in consenting to the Finance Bill until it has been submitted to the judgment of the country."

The announcement was received in the House of Lords with loud Opposition cheers.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 17.

Lord Lansdowne's motion is the universal theme of discussion. The Conservative papers extol its adroit wording which contains no suggestion of veto and merely affirms the principle that the people rule.

The Liberals denounce it as an act of war, and hope that Mr. Asquith will not be a party to any suggested negotiations. They point out that the wording leaves the door open for retreat at the last moment.

Mr. Winston Churchill, in accepting an invitation to conduct a campaign in Lancashire and Cheshire in response to the Conservative campaign, which will be opened to-day, has issued a manifesto declaring that the success of the Lords means that they are the predominant power of the State. He has long felt that the influence of Lancashire may be decisive in the conflict. Protection, he says, would be disastrous to the cotton industry.

Mr. Mackinnon-Wood, speaking at Islington last night, said the Liberals had fought bigger fights. The Gilded Chamber was not so powerful as it thought.

Dr. Macnamara, speaking at Camberwell, said Radicalism must teach the Lords a lesson or disappear for ever.

Mr. Keir Hardie, in a speech at Aberdare, said he was convinced that the Liberal-Labour majority would not be diminished at the General Election.

The Liberal Whip, Mr. Pease, in a letter, appeals to the Labour Party to make an election compact with the Liberals and not to lose seats.

Lord Milner, speaking at Poole last night, said the Liberals were uttering vituperation against the Lords because they were unable to defeat the latter's policy on its merits. He himself was a free-lance in politics He supported the Unionists because he believed in Tariff Reform which alone could effect social improvement and Imperial consolidation.

THE HOUSING AND IRISH LAND BILLS.

It is understood that a compromise has been effected on the Housing and Irish Land Bills and that the Lords will pass both to-day.

INDIANS IN THE TRANSVAAL.

Discussion in the Lords.

TREATMENT OF MAHOMEDAN PRISONERS.

"A THEORETICAL GRIEVANCE."

LONDON, NOVEMBER 16.

In the House of Lords this evening, Lord Ampthill asked Lord Crewe what had been the result of the negotiations with regard to Indians in the Transvaal.

Lord Crewe replied that the failure of the negotiations was not due to any want of effort on the part of the Imperial Government. The Transvaal Ministers were willing to meet the majority of the difficulties. There remained, however, the theoretical grievance, consisting in the fact that Asiatics were explicitly excluded from the Transvaal, instead of being theoretically admissible, but practically excluded by impossible tests as elsewhere.

Indians were prepared to agree to a purely theoretical equality, but the Transvaal Ministers objected on the ground that it was a mere device for bringing in more Asiatics with continual pressure for practical equality. Lord Crewe said the Imperial Government would be glad to see the whole of the King's dominions accessible to all British subjects, but such an ideal could only be attained at a distant date.

He saw no signs of the softening of opinion on the subject; indeed, he saw a hardening in the opposite direction, which all would regret, and yet it was impossible to thwart the policy of the self-governing Colonies. He hoped that the South African Union Parliament would take a broad view of the question.

Lord Lamington asked Lord Crewe to make representations to the Transvaal with a view to obtaining concessions in respect to the meals of Mahomedan political prisoners during Ramzan.

Lord Cromer supported Lord Lamington.

Lord Crewe replied that he communicated with the Transvaal immediately Lord Lamington gave notice of the question. It was a disagreeable idea to add to imprisonment a penalty connected with religion, but the Transvaal found a difficulty in making concessions which were not made in Cape Colony where Mahommedans were more numerous. Lord Crewe said he also understood that the ordinances of Islam enabled prisoners and others to keep the fast at other times.

THE EAST AFRICAN LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 17.

Lord Delamere has been gazetted to the Legislative Council of East Africa.

OPIUM AND THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS.

Protest against High Handedness.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

LONDON, NOVEMBER 17.

The Straits Settlements dinner was held last night and a brilliant gathering was present. Sir Frank Swettenham, who presided, in proposing the toast of "Prosperity to the Straits Settlements," asked where they would find revenue to replace that derived from opium.

He doubted whether rubber taxes would suffice or whether the Tanjong-Pagar Dock would be the goose to lay the golden eggs. He hoped that the question of expediency would not be allowed to shake the faith of the Malayas in British promises.

Sir Walter Napier, responding, referred in glowing terms to the advance of sanitation in the Straits.

Mr. Allinson, proposing the toast of the Colonial Secretary, said he hoped the Government would display the same broad-minded policy in the Straits as in South Africa.

Colonel Seely, responding, paid a tribute to Sir John Anderson's work. He dwelt on the romance of our Eastern Empire where we were the trustees of the people. The Government were confident that they had all the best thought in the Straits and at Home with them in their opium policy. Nothing would be done in a hurry, but surely it would be a gain if the colony did not rely on one source of revenue. He emphasised that the Government did not desire to impose their own morality at other people's expense in the matter of opium.

ENGLAND AND PORTUGAL.

Banquet to King Manuel.

CORDIAL RELATIONS.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 17.

Sir Edward Grey and the Portuguese Foreign Minister have signed a renewal of the Arbitration Treaty.

King Edward invested King Manuel with the Order of the Garter, at a special Chapter.

Speaking at the State Banquet last night, His Majesty welcomed King Manuel as the Sovereign of one of his oldest allies with whom England had been the warmest friend for centuries.

King Manuel, responding, said he had been deeply touched by the splendid reception and by the solemn affirmation of one of the most lasting alliances the world had ever seen.

LATER.

King Manuel, accompanied by the Prince of Wales, drove to the Guildhall to-day when the Freedom of the City was presented, and luncheon given with the usual state. King Manuel was heartily cheered by throngs in the street.

THE CHINESE NAVAL COMMISSION.

Accident near Naples.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 16.

Prince Tsai-tsun and the Chinese Naval Commissioners have arrived at Naples on board the "Luetzow," which ran aground near the harbour and was refloated after being pumped and lightened. Prince Tsai-tsun is proceeding to Genoa and from there overland to London.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 17.

King Edward will receive the Chinese Naval Mission at Windsor on Saturday.

THE SITUATION IN PERSIA.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 17.

A St. Petersburg telegram states that Rakhim Khan's nomads have voluntarily left Ardebil after negotiations. The town and fortress will remain under the protection of the Russians until after the arrival of the Governor.

LATE MR. FRANK WHITWORTH.

Verdict of Suicide Returned.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 17.

At the inquest on the late Mr. Frank Whitworth, Secretary of the Fine Cotton Spinners' Association, the wife referred to trouble in financial matters, and a verdict of suicide during temporary insanity was returned.

EASTERN BENGAL OUTRAGES.

Murder of a Postmaster.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 17.

News reached here from Dacca of the murder of a village postmaster and peon by persons alleged to be young Bengalees. The motive of the crime was evidently burglary as they attempted to break open the office safe containing a big amount received same day.

GERMAN CONSUL AT CALCUTTA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 17.

Mr. W. Bleeck, the German Consul in Calcutta, has returned to the city after a prolonged absence of eighteen in the Fatherland. Mr. Hans R. Schuler who has been the Acting Consul during this period, leaves for Bombay to-morrow on privilege leave for a year. He proceeds to Europe by the P. and O. s. s. "Malwa" due out on the 20th.

BRITISH MEDICAL ASSOCIATION.

Bombay Branch.

TO-DAY'S MEETING.

A MEETING of the medical profession will be held under the auspices of the Bombay Branch of the British Medical Association in the Sir C. J. Convocation Hall to-day to receive and adopt the Report of the Committee appointed at a similar meeting of the profession held on 19th August regarding the question of registration of qualified medical men.

DRAFT.

BILL FOR THE REGISTRATION OF MEDICAL PRACTITIONERS IN THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

Whereas it is expedient that persons requiring medical aid should be enabled to distinguish qualified from unqualified practitioners, it is enacted as follows:—

Sec. 1.—This Act may be cited as "The Bombay Medical Act." It extends to the whole of the Presidency of Bombay. (1) Parts 1 and 3 shall come into force at once. (2) Part 2 shall come into force on such date as the Governor-in-Council may, by notification in the "Bombay Government Gazette," direct.

PART I.

Sec. 2.—A Council which shall be styled the "Council of Medical Education and Registration for the Presidency of Bombay" hereinafter referred to as "the Medical Council" shall be established.

Sec. 3.—The Medical Council shall consist of the following:—Three members, nominated by the Government; one member, elected by the Bombay University; one member, elected by the Grant Medical College; one member, elected by the Provincial Medicial Schools; four members, elected by those on Form A of the Register and two members, elected by those on Form B of the Register.

The Council shall elect its own President.

Sec. 4.—Members of the Medical Council must be registered under this Act.

Sec. 5.—The Medical Council shall hold their first meeting within from the date on which this part comes into force at.... (such place and such time as).... and shall make rules to regulate the times and places at which its meetings shall be held, the mode of summoning the same and the conduct of business thereat, and the delegation of its powers and duties and may from time to time alter or rescind any such rules. Provided that (a) no meeting of any members shall be deemed to constitute a meeting of the Medical Council unless a quorum of not less than.... such members be present; (b) all questions arising at any meeting shall be decided by the votes of the majority present thereat, or in case of equality of votes, by the casting vote of the President.

Sec. 6.—The Medical Council shall appoint a Registrar who shall act as Secretary of the Medical Council and who may also act as Treasurer (and who shall be deemed to be a public servant within the meaning of Section 21 of the Indian Penal Code.)

Sec. 7.—It shall be the duty of the Medical Council, as soon as conveniently may be, after this Act comes into force, and from time to time as occasion may require, to make orders for regulating the Registers to be kept under this Act, as nearly as conveniently may be in accordance with the forms A and B, set forth in the second schedule.

Sec. 8.—It shall be the duty of the Registrar, to keep two Registers correct in accordance with this Act and with the orders and regulations of the Medical Council, to erase the name of all registered persons who shall have died, and to make from time to time the necessary alterations in the addresses or qualifications registered under this Act. To enable the Registrar to fulfil the duties imposed upon him, it shall be lawful for the Registrar to send through the post a registered letter to any registered person, addressed to him according to his address on the Register, to enquire whether he has ceased to practise or has changed his residence, and if no answer shall be returned to such letter within the period of 6 months from the sending of the letter, it shall be lawful for the Registrar to erase the name of such person from the Register.

Provided always that the same may be restored by direction of the Medical Council, should they think fit to make an order to that effect.

Sec. 9.—Every person now possessed or hereafter becoming possessed of any one or more of the qualifications described in the first schedule, shall subject to the provisions hereinafter contained on payment of a fee, not exceeding Rs. 15, be entitled to be registered Provided that it shall be lawful for the Medical Council at any time on being satisfied that any degree, diploma, title, certificate or other qualification granted by any University, Medical Corporation or examining body is a sufficient guarantee that the person to whom the same has been granted, possesses the knowledge and skill requisite for the efficient practice of medicine, surgery and midwifery, to report such opinion to the Governor-in-Council and it shall thereupon be lawful for the Governor-in-Council to direct by notification in the "Bombay Government Gazette" that such qualifications shall be added to and included in the first schedule and shall entitle persons possessing the same to be registered under this Section.

Sec. 10.—No qualification shall be entered in the Register either on the first registration or by way of addition to a registered name, unless the Registrar be satisfied by the proper evidence that the person claiming it is entitled to it; but—(1) any person may appeal from any decision of the Registrar to the Medical Council whose decision shall be final; (2) any entry which shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Medical Council to have been fraudulently or incorrectly made, may be erased from the Register by an order in writing of the Medical Council.

Sec. 11.—(1) The Registrar shall, under the direction of the Medical Council, cause to be printed and published for sale not later than the.... day of.... in every year, a compilation of the Register, hereinbefore required to be kept, complete and corrected upto the 1st day of January of such year, setting forth each Register separately with the names arranged in alphabetical order according to the surnames and also shewing the respective residences and the respective medical titles, diplomas or qualifications, with the dates on which each was conferred; (2) such publication shall be called "The Bombay Medical Register" and a copy of the Bombay Medical Register for the time being purporting to be so printed and published as aforesaid, shall be evidence in all Courts of Justice that the persons therein specified are registered according to the provisions of this Act; (3) the absence of the name of any person from such copy shall be evidence, until the contrary is made to appear, that such person is not registered according to the provisions of this Act; and (4) provided that in the case of any person whose name does not appear in such copy, a certified copy under the hand of the Registrar of the entry of the name of such person on any Register required to be kept shall be evidence that such person is registered under the provisions of this Act.

Sec. 12.—The Medical Council may, after due enquiry, direct the Registrar to erase the name of a medical practitioner from any Register kept under this Act, if he—(a) shall be sentenced by a Criminal Court to imprisonment for an offence punishable with imprisonment for a term exceeding six months or to transportation, such sentence not having been reversed or quashed, or (b) shall be judged by the votes or at least two-thirds of the members present at a meeting of the Medical Council, after due enquiry, at which an opportunity has been given him of being heard in defence, to have been guilty of any infamous conduct in any professional respect.

Sec. 13.—Every person registered under this Act who may have obtained any higher degree or any qualification other than the qualification in respect of which he may have been registered, shall, on payment of such fee as the Governor-in-Council may, by rules under Section.... prescribe in this behalf, be entitled to have an entry setting forth such higher degree or qualification against his name inserted in the appropriate Register, either in substitution for or in addition to any entry previously registered relating to him.

Sec. 14.—After the day on which this part comes into force no person professing to practise medicine, surgery and midwifery on the principles recognised in any European University or country shall be entitled to recover any charge in any Court of law for any medical or surgical advice or attendance given or for any medicine both prescribed and supplied by him, if the same be given, performed or prescribed and supplied within the City and the Presidency of Bombay unless he shall prove upon the trial that he is registered under this Act.

(Concluded on page 6.)

NOTES ON INDIAN INTERESTS.

THOUGHTS BY A NATIVE THINKER.

THE NEW ERA. With the Government notification announcing the introduction of the Reform Scheme, India has entered upon a new era. It marks a momentous change in the Government of the country; it introduces the representative principle which is capable of gradual expansion; it admits the enlightened classes of the Indian public to an active, living, interest in the administration; it teaches, in a word, the grand lesson that the interests of the Government and the people are identical, that the well-being of the State is an advantage to both, and that, therefore, it should be the common concern of both. The new Constitution is our Magna Charta. It marks a distinct step in advance; it is a big stride forward. There is nothing halting, cheese-paring, timid or reluctant about the bounty, in this instance of our rulers. They have bestowed upon us a full measure and running over. A connected view of the concessions made by them enables us to realize vividly their full significance. The maximum strength of the Legislative Councils is increased from 126 to 370; the number of elected members is raised from 39 to 135; the non-official members can now take a real and active part in shaping the financial proposals; right is given to put supplementary questions after the first question has been formally asked and answered; and then there is the most valuable concession of all,—a non-official majority in the Provincial Legislative Councils. We must remember always the words of the Viceroy—"The future lies in your hands;" and every true Indian will cordially share the confident hope which has been expressed in the dispatch that "the extensive powers will be loyally and wisely used in association with the holders of executive authority to promote the prosperity and contentment of all classes of the inhabitants of this country." Amen!

OUTRAGE OR INCIDENT? It is no exaggeration to say that native society was aflame with indignation over the bomb incident at Ahmedabad on the supposition that it was an attempt on the life of the Viceroy. There are so many versions of the affair, and they are so inconsistent with one another, that nothing can yet be said about it with certainty. There is one fact about which there is no dispute, namely, that the Police are resolutely reticent. I hope they will soon be in a position to cast off reserve and publish the result of investigations. One may infer from this reticence that they may have an ominous story to tell, who knows? We, again, are aware of another fact, that on this occasion unusual precautions have been taken by the authorities for the safety of the Viceroy.

ANARCHISM IN INDIA. Whether it was an anarchist plot or an unfortunate incident, I am afraid that anarchism does exist in India, and has taken root in the soil. It has developed into a cult, and the desperadoes, who are sworn to it, are members of an organization. Who are its actual leaders and directors we do not know. What we do know is that the anarchists are the lineal descendants of propagandists like Pundit Shyamji. It is strange that there is evidently no law capable of dealing with them, that secure in their hiding places, they can lure vain lunatics to their doom.

DUTY OF INDIANS. It is the interest of Government and subject alike to exterminate anarchism. It is the duty of Indian leaders to openly and courageously to oppose the doctrines of violence and hatred which lead to anarchism as their culminating point. The Indian Police has yet to prove its mettle by tracing the secret organization to its source, and hunting out the arch-conspirators from their lair. The movement has been enabled too long to revel in darkness and secrecy. When the Government introduce legislation for dealing more effectually with disaffection and its agents, Indian publicists, otherwise well intentioned, consider it incumbent on them to oppose it as coercive and repressive. They repeat such well-known formulas as "conciliation, not coercion," and they imagine that they would be condemned as false to their liberal and democratic ideas, if they were not to discharge their conscience by their adverse criticisms. We may deplore the circumstances which have called stern laws into being, but, in all fairness, let us admit their necessity. In their actual working, they might operate at times harshly and even unjustly, and the executive may, here and there, be disposed to abuse them. But that is no reason for discarding the remedy which is suited to the disease.

ELECTORAL CONTESTS. There is likely to be a very sharp fight over the Mahomedan seat in the Bombay Legislative Council. There are already four candidates in the field, and the coaxing and canvassing of voters is being actively pursued. The rivals are busy securing promises from electors, although it is our common experience that in many cases promises are not fulfilled. They are sometimes given by the shrewd voter with a mental reservation, affording him a loop-hole of escape at the critical moment. A majority of electors are swayed in the end by personal influence. I understand that already some bitterness has been imported into the contest for the Moslem seat, and that the electorate has been divided into opposite camps mainly on sectarian lines. Shiahs, I hear are divided from Sunnis, and among Shiahs themselves, Bohris have ranged themselves against Khojas. The appeal has been made to sectional feeling, and it is almost certain that the voting will be on sectional lines. This is quite natural, there is nothing to be surprised at. We may all be altruistic in our professions. They sound very well in an academic discourse. But they scarcely stand the test of actual practice. The human factor will prevail. When a question lies between Hindus and Musalmans, the latter will close up their ranks, and present an united front as one community. But when the community comes to exercise its own exclusive rights, we find the house divided against itself. This was only to be expected. The motive lies deep in the foundation of human nature, and it would be unfair to indulge in cheap sneers. A complaint was made in the papers that the agents of a certain candidate were telling the electors that if they refused to vote for him, they would incur the displeasure of Government. The report was incredible on the face of it, and was promptly contradicted by the candidate concerned. The average intelligence of the Moslem electorate may be safely taken as not very high, and it is possible that some unscrupulous and over-zealous agent may resort to low artifices for the purpose of catching votes. It is the duty of candidates strictly to warn their canvassers against such practices, and it is expected that they will not tolerate any flagrant departure from the right and honourable course.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS AND MUNICIPAL CRITICS. Electoral activity is equally great with respect to the forthcoming Municipal elections. The day is yet distant, but I have heard of candidates who, in their eagerness to take time by the fore-lock, have been nursing their constituencies for some months past. In the first days of Municipal self-government in Bombay, there were sometimes fewer candidates than seats, and very few voters cared to go to the polls. Electors have since learnt the value of the franchise, and candidates have learnt the value of civic honours. The rivalry is getting keener every day, and the contest hotter. The solicitations of candidates have indirectly exercised an educative influence on the electors, who might otherwise be still taking but a lukewarm interest in local self-government. The candidates have not only taught them to take an active interest in it, but some of them have also taught them to how to comply just technically with the provisions of the law for the purpose of qualification. It is not an uncommon experience of the Assessment Department that shortly before the date of publication of the voters' register, it is flooded with applications for enrolment, and this is done by not a few from design, in the hope that in the rush and hurry of work, doubtful claims might have a chance of being admitted. We have again been hearing at every election of the false personation of voters of the re-appearance on earth of electors who have been dead, of males masquerading as purdah bowbis entitled to vote. Vernacular papers are moved with righteous indignation at these and like unscrupulous practices. There is a lot of sejelery and coercion of voters, and the complaint is also made occasionally of bribery and corruption. The critics have of late been strongly recommending the establishment of a Ratepayers' Association as a remedy for the evil. They expect such an association to control the elections, keep a watch over their representatives in the Corporation, and also bring to their notice, as well as to that of the executive, any sanitary defect they might discover in the City. They say that the Municipal administration is far from perfect, that the public has to put up with bad roads, a deficient and irregular water-supply, defective drains, dim lights and slovenly sanitation, particularly in the poorer and outlying parts of the town. They expect great things of such an association. There was one in former years. It made some noise and stir in its day and then it passed quietly into oblivion. This is the fate of many of our associations, whose birth is announced with a great flourish of trumpets. The enthusiasm dies out before long, the short-lived activity of the promoters is succeeded by hopeless lethargy, and vain efforts are made by means of pungent criticisms to prod and stimulate them into life. One might as well flog a dead horse when the organization is doomed, it dies of inanition and interval decay. A Ratepayers' Association, I admit, is much needed, and can serve a very useful purpose. But will it endure? Can we be sure that it will not come to an end, after a brief, butterfly, existence?

DION.

THE REFORM SCHEME.

Elections in the United Provinces.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, NOVEMBER 17.

The time-table of elections in the United Provinces in a *Gazette* Extraordinary declares that on the 22nd and 23rd November the selections of delegates by the District and Municipal Boards are to be made. On the 16th December the voting and counting of votes for the members for large Municipal Boards is to take place, the recording and counting of votes for the University being three days later. December 20th is the date fixed for the counting of votes for the Mahomedans (Provincial and Imperial Councils) and landholders of Agra. The Upper India Chamber of Commerce and the British Indian Association were to be called on to elect their representatives on the 15th November. The date of meeting of the Provincial Council is definitely fixed for the 5th January.

ALLAHABAD, NOVEMBER 17.

Surprise is apparently full in some quarters that the Reform Scheme papers published on Monday contain no allusion to the creation of Provincial Executive Councils. The "Pioneer" writes the reason of course is that the matter stands entirely apart from the question falling under the new Councils Act. When a new Executive Council comes to be created the enactment will have to issue from England in the shape of a Proclamation.

The following gentlemen will stand as candidates for the new Legislative Councils:—Messrs. Charu Chandra Mittra and Madan Mohan Malviya for Allahabad; Ganga Prasad and Rai Sriram, Bahadur, for Lucknow; Narain Prasad Ashtkanu for Agra, Pandit Moti Lal Nehru is a candidate for election by the Allahabad Division, Raja Rampal Sigh of Kerisishauli and Nawab Sadiq Ali Khan of Shish Mahal for Lucknow, Hafiz Abdul Rahim for Bareilly, Thakur Prithipal Sing and Rai Gokul Chand, Bahadur, for Fyzabad and Iswar Saran for Gorakhpur divisions.

LUCKNOW, NOVEMBER 17.

The "Advocate," a Congress organ, welcomes the Reform Scheme, but thinks no Hindu can read the disqualifications imposed on him with equanimity. Says the "Advocate:"—"As to the Hindus there is we can say not a Hindu who either in private or in public does not give expression to the feeling that Government of India while opening out to the people a large sphere of usefulness by giving them some real share in the administration has committed the greatest possible political blunder by creating certain disabilities against the Hindus. What Hindu is there with the least patriotic feeling who will not feel humiliated at seeing Hindu Graduates income-taxpayers, Fellows of the University, Trustees and founders of National Colleges and title holders debarred from using a privilege which on racial grounds only has been given to their Mahomedan fellow subjects? What Hindu is there who will not feel that because he happens to be a Hindu he has been deprived of certain privileges, who will not keenly resent the fact that because he is supposed to be a member of the majority he must forego certain privileges which he would enjoy if he gives up his religion?"

Munshi Ishwarsaran Vakil stands for the Gorakhpur division. For the Mahomedan seats Syed Nabiullah, Barrister and Munshi Ehtisamali stand for Lucknow-Fyzabad group and Gulammausuklain for Agra-Meerut group.

LAHORE, NOVEMBER 17.

The Punjab "Gazette Extraordinary" notifies that the election of member of the Provincial Council by the University will take place on December 15. The attestation of the voting papers for the three members to be elected by Municipal and Cantonment Committees will take place on December 15, the counting of votes on December 18. Non-official members will elect for the Viceroy's Council at the Government House on January 3.

THE RECENT PLOT AGAINST THE AMIR.

Fate of the Conspirators.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 17.

A frontier report states that the investigation at Kabul with the recent plot against the Amir has concluded and that most of the non-Indians implicated have been shot. The five Indians alleged to have been concerned are being kept in custody, partly as a measure of protection to themselves against popular wrath. They will no doubt be sent back to India eventually.

LUCKNOW, NOVEMBER 17.

The Kabulis are of opinion that the conspiracy was to set up Parliament in Afghanistan and to dethrone the Amir if the opposed, and that Indian employes of Habibullah who are said to have engineered the plot. Sirdar Umarjan and Halima Bibi were not privy to the plot.

MR. RAMSAY MACDONALD.

Leaves for Home.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 17.

Mr. Ramsay Macdonald, M. P., has cut short his tour in consequence of the Political Situation at home and leaves Bankipore to-night for Calcutta; if the slight malaria he has contracted allows him to do so. He has abandoned his proposed visits to Dacca and Darjeeling and sails from Calcutta on the 27th instant.

LATER

Mr. Ramsay Macdonald's temperature to-night is normal and he hopes to reach Calcutta on Saturday where he spends a few days prior to sailing for home from Bombay (not from Calcutta) by the mail of the 27th instant.

MR. STEWART WILSON, Postmaster General, leaves Calcutta for South India on tour to-morrow.

THE VICEROY IN BOMBAY.

SPLENDID RECEPTION.

CROWDS LINE THE STREET IN THE NATIVE CITY.

THE AHMEDABAD INCIDENT.

THE following letter has been addressed to the Press by the Private Secretary to the Viceroy:—"The Viceroy and Lady Minto find it impossible to answer individually all the numerous expressions of sympathy received from all parts of India in connection with their recent providential escape and trust that their friends will accept their grateful acknowledgments through you columns."

Nothing could have been more auspicious than the opening of the first official visit of H. E. the Viceroy to Bombay. Europeans and Indians joined in giving him a welcome which was as cordial as it was evidently sincere. The unpleasant incident at Ahmedabad, which marred a hitherto thoroughly successful tour, had caused the local authorities to make the most stringent precautions, and the policing arrangements had been made as perfect as could be, but happily the large and orderly crowds showed not the least semblance of disloyalty, and the whole of the morning's proceedings passed off under the pleasantest circumstances.

The Viceregal party left Baroda on Tuesday night at 10 p.m. and were due to reach Bombay at 8-30 a.m. Strict precautions were taken all along the line to guard against any attempt against the safety of Their Excellencies. Torch-bearers were posted along the sides of the track at intervals, and no person was allowed to enter any of the intermediate stations after a certain hour until the Viceroy's special had passed. A pilot engine was used to ensure the detection of any tampering with the bridges across the Rivers Nerbuda and Tapti and over the Bassein Creek. An extra engine was at these places detached from the train, the special halted and was not allowed to proceed until the pilot had crossed in safety. Fortunately the journey was completed without the least mishap.

Near the Victoria Terminus Station at Bombay, large crowds began to collect at an early hour of the morning. By 7-30 the people were packed in dense masses near the entrance to the Station, the Municipal Buildings and the Gaiety Theatre, while spectators appeared at every window in the neighbourhood. In many places the crowd at the roadside was over twenty deep, but the Police, whose arrangements were personally supervised by the Commissioner, Mr. S. M. Edwardes, I.C.S., kept the people in excellent order.

Admission to the Station itself was strictly limited to ticket-holders, who began to assemble as early as 7-15. No. 3 platform, where it was arranged that the special should stop, had been effectively decorated by the Public Works Department. A large space for the reception of Their Excellencies and their suite was covered with red carpet and a long aisle leading from the entrance was guarded by barriers, draped with red cloth and Union Jacks and ensigns. The spaces reserved for spectators were gradually filled, and as is usual at similar functions, the many and varied uniforms, Naval, Military and Civil, with the brilliantly coloured costumes of the Native Chiefs, made up a dazzling spectacle. On the right of the platform were stationed the principal officers of Government and Naval and Military officers, while on the left were a group of Foreign Consuls and Native Chiefs. In a specially reserved space there were a large number of ladies. There were two guards of honour, one consisting of 100 men of the G. I. P. Railway Volunteers was drawn up opposite the spot where His Excellency was to alight.

PRESENTATION OF OFFICERS.

A few minutes before the train was due, His Excellency Sir George Clarke, Governor of Bombay, arrived accompanied by his Private Secretary, Mr. Watson and Captain Sullivan, A.-D.-C. Almost directly after he had taken his position the train came into the Station and as His Excellency the Viceroy, who wore mufti, alighted from his carriage, the band played a few bars of the National Anthem, while at the same time at the saluting battery a salute of 31 guns was fired. His Excellency was received by H. E. the Governor, Rear-Admiral Slade, Major-General Swann, Sir Basil Scott, Chief Justice, and the Members of Council, and then the Naval and Military officers who were present, were presented to him by Admiral Slade and General Swann respectively. His Excellency was then accompanied by General Swann during his inspection of the guard of honour, and after this the Judges of the High Court and other civilians, the Native Chiefs and Foreign Consuls were presented to him. Several ladies were also presented to H. E. the Countess of Minto and then the Viceregal party, accompanied by H. E. the Governor and officers proceeded to the entrance.

At the portico was stationed a detachment of the Bombay Light Horse, who were to form the escort. This was inspected by His Excellency and he then took his seat in the State carriage with the Governor, Captain Lord Francis Scott, A.-D.-C., to the Viceroy and Captain Stoker, A.-D.-C., to the Governor, sitting opposite.

In the second carriage were seated Her Excellency the Countess of Minto, the Countess of Antrim, Lieutenant-Colonel V. R. Brooke, D.S.O., Military Secretary to the Viceroy and Captain R. G. Jelf, A.-D.-C. to the Viceroy.

The third carriage conveyed Lady Eileen Elliot, Mr. S. H. Butler, C.S.I., C.I.E., Foreign Secretary to the Viceroy, Lieutenant-Colonel J. R. Dunlop, C.S.I., C.I.E., Private Secretary to the Viceroy, and Captain Greig, Military Secretary to the Governor.

The fourth carriage took Mr. Watson, I.C.S., Private Secretary to the Governor, Lieutenant-Colonel W. R. Crooke-Lawless, M.D., C.I.E., Surgeon to the Viceroy, Captain J. E. Gibbs, A.-D.-C., to the Viceroy, and Captain Sullivan, A.-D.-C to the Governor.

PROCESSION TO MALABAR POINT.

A procession was formed; Mr. Lloyd of the Bombay Police, with two Sowars headed the escorts, the Bombay Light Horse and a detachment of the Governor's Body Guard following. The Viceroy and the Governor's carriage was next and the other carriages, with the parties as described above followed. Another detachment of the Body Guard came after these and behind them the Commissioner of Police and his deputies drove in a motor-car.

Amid cheering and shouts of welcome the Viceroy started from the Station and drove towards Dhobitalao via Cruikshank Road. The procession was a brilliant sight. It was headed by the Light Horse who turned out very smartly and whose uniforms formed at its head a cool looking mass of white, while following them the splendid uniforms of the Governor's Body Guard, made a long and broad ribbon of bright scarlet. His Excellency bowed to the cheering crowd and the procession turned into Kalbadevi Road. Here the road was lined by the Cadets of the B. V. R., of whom 409 were out on duty, an interesting feature, the lads looking smart in their Khaki uniform and keeping in order a dense crowd of Natives. At Javerbag on the Kalbadevi Road, banners and bunting were hung and the street looked very gay. As far as Mumbadevi the route was lined by troops supplied by the Royal Garrison Artillery, the Gloucestershire Regiment, the Bombay Volunteer Artillery, the Bombay Volunteer Rifles, the B. B. and C. I. Railway Volunteers and the 116th Marathhas. From Pydowne to Government House the City Police preserved order. At the junction of Parel Road and Abdul Rehman Street, a very large crowd had collected and the square at Pydowne was a sea of heads. The Viceroy and Lady Minto looked much pleased with the cordial reception accorded them by the people and the compliment was returned by a smiling nod, which only stimulated the cheering crowd. Bhendi Bazar was not to be beaten in according a hearty welcome to Their Excellencies, and the crowd that fringed the sides of the street was denser than in any other part. The Viceroy's carriage then turned into Grant Road opposite the J. J. Hospital, and when it reached the Northbrook Garden at the Corner of Grant Road, a large number of Hajis, whose hardships have been greatly alleviated by Lord Minto, were waiting to cheer His Excellency and thus give expression to their gratitude. Going past the Frere Bridge, the Viceregal procession entered Gamdevi Road, where at the Corner of Chowpatty a phonograph repeated the National Anthem as Lord Minto passed the corner house. The escorts and the carriages then ascended Malabar Hill and at 9-30 o'clock brought the party safely to Government House.

INSPECTION OF THE LIGHT HORSE.

On alighting from the carriage, His Excellency Lord Minto inspected the Light Horse, who had escorted him, and also a guard of honour detailed by the 116th Mahratta Infantry, after which he and his party entered the house.

The following gentlemen were present at Victoria Terminus on Their Excellencies' arrival:—Admiral J. W. E. Slade, M.V.O., the Commander-in-Chief of His Majesty's ships and vessels, East Indies Squadron; the Hon. Sir Basil Scott, the Chief Justice of Bombay; the Hon. Sir John Muir-Mackenzie, and the Hon. Mr. J. L. Jenkins, Members of the Governor's Council; the Hon. Mr. Justice N. G. Chandavarkar, the Hon. Mr. Justice S. L. Batchelor, the Hon. Mr. Justice D. D. Davar, the Hon. Mr. Justice F. C. O. Beaman, the Hon. Mr. Justice J. J. Heaton and the Hon. Mr. Justice N. C. McLeod; The Hon. Mr. R. A. Lamb, Chief Secretary to the Bombay Government; Major-General J. C. Swann, C.B., the General Officer Commanding 6th (Poona) Division; Surgeon General H. W. Stevenson, Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay; the Hon. Mr. H. S. Dikshit, the Hon. Sir Walter C. Hughes, the Hon. the Sar Desai of Vantmuri, the Hon. Mr. T. J. Strangman, Advocate-General, the Hon. Mr. C. H. Armstrong, the Hon. Mr. W. L. Cameron, the Hon. Mr. G.K. Parekh, and the Mr. S. K. Bodda. Captain W. Lumsden, R.N., Director, Royal Indian Marine; the Right Rev. H. Jurgens, S.J., the Roman Catholic Archbishop of Bombay; Venerable Charles M. Barham, Archdeacon of Bombay; Brigadier-General C. A. S. Montgomery, General Officer Commanding Bombay Brigade; Mr. J. H. DuBoulay, Secretary to Government, Judicial Department; Mr. L. Robertson, Secretary to Government, General Department; Mr. L. C. Crump, Secretary to Government, Legal Department; Mr. A. Hill, Joint Secretary to Government, P. W. D.; Brigadier-General H. B. B. Watkis, Deputy Adjutant-General, Southern Army; Mr. W. H. Michael, Accountant-General Bombay; Mr. W. Maxwell, Postmaster-General, Bombay; Lieut.-Colonel W. G. R. Cordue, R. E., Mint Master; Lieutenant-Colonel Alexander Milne, Assay Master; Mr. G. McHarrison, Superintending Engineer, P. W. D.; Mr. A. H. Whyte, Consulting Architect to Government, P.W.D.; Mr. J. Sanders Slater, Administrator General; the Rev. J. Cameron, Presidency Senior Chaplain, Church of Scotland; Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate; Mr. N. W. Kemp, Chief Judge, Court of Small Causes; Mr. S. R. Arthur, Collector of Salt Revenue; Mr. G. W. Hatch, Collector of Bombay; Mr. Jafferbhoy Rahimtoola, President of the Bombay Municipal Corporation; Mr. W. D. Sheppard, Municipal Commissioner; Captain James D. Dick, H. M. S. "Hyacinth"; Commander Fredrick G. Bird, H. M. S. "Perseus"; Commander Herbert J. J. Marshall, H. M. S. "Proserpine"; Commander J. A. Shuter, H. M. S. "Redbreast"; Commander E. G. Mills, R. I. M. S. "Lawrence"; Mr. S. M. Edwardes, Commissioner of Police; Mr. W. S. Glazebrook, Sheriff of Bombay; Mr. F. T. Rickards, Agent, G. I. P. Railway; Sir Sassoon David, Kt., Chairman, Municipal Standing Committee; Saiyid Shamsuddin Saiyid Mian Kadri, Oriental Translator; Mr. J. P. Orr, Chairman of the Bombay Improvement Trust; Mr. N. U. K. Leslie, Superintendent of Telegraphs; Mr. V. C. French, Examiner of Public Works Accounts; Mr. H. M. C. Trotter, Examiner of Railway Accounts; Sir Jamsetji Jeejibhoy, Bart.; Sir Cowasji Jehangir, Bart.; Sir Balchundra Krishna, Kt.; Mr. Mirza Abbas Ali Baig, Diwan of Junagadh; Mr. R. M. Proes, Executive Engineer, Bombay Presidency; Mr. J

Jaujira, the Raja of Rutlam, the Pant Sachiv of Bhor, the Chief of Mudhol, the Nawab of Sanglia, the Chief of Jamkhandi, the Raja of Jowhar, the Chief of Miraj (senior) and the Chief of Miraj (junior.)

VISIT TO ELEPHANTA CAVES.

In the afternoon Her Excellency Lady Minto paid a visit to the famous Elephanta leaves. The party consisted besides Her Excellency, of, Lady Eileen Elliott, the Countess of Antrim, Lieut.-Colonel Dunlop, Private Secretary to H. E. the Viceroy, Mr. Watson, Private Secretary to H. E. the Governor and the A.-D.-C.'s to their Excellencies.

The party left the Apollo Bunder at 3-45 p. m., in the Royal Indian Marine launch "Bee," which was preceded by a police launch. The visitors on arrival at the caves were received by Mr. Rothfeld, Collector of Alibag, Mr. E. M. Proes, Executive Engineer, Bombay Presidency, Mr. Cousens, Government Archæologist, and Mr. Heytor, D. S. P. of Alibag. Her Excellency was shown over the caves by Mr. Cousens, and Mr. Lester, the Custodian of the Caves. Her Excellency felt deeply interested in all that she saw in the Caves especially in the temple. The caves were especially fitted up with light for the occasion, and Her Excellency expressed herself greatly delighted with what she saw there. The party returned to the Apollo Bunder at 7-15 p.m. Before leaving the caves, Her Excellency thanked Mr. Rothfeld and other officers for the trouble they had taken in making such excellent arrangements in connection with her visit. A strong posse of police officers, including Mr. S. M. Edwardes, Commissioner of Police, Mr. Gadney, Deputy Commissioner of Police, Superintendents Stanford and Sloane and Inspectors DeBurgh, Hassam, and Copping were present to keep order on the Bunder among the large number of people that had assembled there. The visitors left the Bunder for the Government House, Malabar Hill, in motor cars.

Among the other visitors to the caves at the time were a number of the American tourists, who are at present on a visit to our city.

A small dinner took place at Government House in the evening, among those sitting at the table being H. E. the Viceroy and Countess Minto, H. E. the Governor, and members of Their Excellencies' staff.

LADY MINTO AT THE NOVELTY THEATRE.

After dinner H. E. the Countess of Minto, accompanied by several members of the Viceregal Staff attended the Novelty Theatre, where an excellent company of Poona-Bombay amateurs, repeated their performance of the comedy "Lord and Lady Algy," which has been given in aid of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund. There was a large audience, all of whom much enjoyed a very fine performance.

FATE OF DERA GHAZI KHAN.

Erosions still Active.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, NOVEMBER 17.

During the cold weather the Indus has still the power of erosion and for some time past has been attacking the reed-covered flats thrown above Dawson's Dykes of 1905 to the north of Dera Ghazi Khan. The flood of May that year destroyed the first dyke and a main portion of second, but the third stood and showed the value of the system. Erosion is again removing silt then thrown up and fragments of the second dyke have been revealed. It appears that the surplus wood of the fragments that remained was sawn off and removed, but now the river has laid bare the stumps. If the present tendency goes on the, third line will be outflanked. Dera Ghazi Khan is now defenceless. But the *Civil and Military Gazette* regrets that Dawson's experiment did not have a fair chance. Had the three dykes been put up timely and stood one season the life of Dera might have been infinitely prolonged.

MR. FAIRBANKS' TOUR.

A Compliment to the British People.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, NOVEMBER 17,

Mr. C. W. Fairbanks, Vice-President of the United States during Mr. Roosevelt's administration, and Mrs. Fairbanks arrived here to-day from Ceylon quite pleased with all they saw there. They left America in March last and visited Japan, Korea, China and the Phillipines, also Singapore and Penang. Wherever he went he found the British people prosperous and progressive. He speaks favourably of the progress made in the Philippines. The introduction of new Indian cattle there is progressing.

Mr. Fairbanks comes to India to get a general idea of the conditions here and to see the country. They called at Government House and visited the Fort and the American Consulate. They leave for Calcutta this evening.

They will visit Agra, Delhi and other places. will attend the World's Convention of Christian Endeavour Societies at Agra, and he will deliver an address. After leaving India, Egypt and the Holy Land will be visited and he will return to America from Europe next April. He does not know when Mr. Roosevelt will leave Africa.

THE FISHER FOLK OF MADRAS.

Ask for Primary Education.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, NOVEMBER 17.

The Hindu boat owners, Boatman and fishermen of Royapuram, have to-day submitted a memorial to the Governor through Mr. P. Soondamoorthy Chetty, President, Aria Sangam, Madras, requesting that in consideration of the faithful and meritorious service rendered by their ancestors to the British Government during the sieges of Madras by the French in 1746 and 1758, orders be issued to open elementary schools for the education of boys and girls of their community in Madras and in the fishing villages on the Coromandal Coast. The memorialists also request Government to train the youth of their community in the fishery Bureau. This is very a encouraging sign on the part of the fisher community as it shows they are willing to co operate Sir J. Nicholson's scheme.

THE HALDIBARI DACOITY.

More House Searches.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 17.

At 9 o'clock this morning the house of Jogesh Chandra Mitra, nephew of Surendra Nath Bose at Kashinath Chatterji's Lane, Sibpur, Howrah, was searched in connection with the Haldibari Dacoity by the Sibpur police under the direct supervision of Mr. Murray, Deputy Superintendent of Police. The house was surrounded at 8-30 a. m, by a number of constables and the search commenced at 9 a.m. The following articles were taken away by the police: A copy of "Nihilist Rahasya" (mystery) in Bengali, a note-book containing some names of a theatrical party, a hand bill of "Rakhibandan," two copies of "Rakhi Sangit," two slips containing "Rakhibandan," and "Arandhan." Search witnesses were secured with some difficulty as they thought they had to do some onerous duties.

THE Maharaja of Cossimbazar stands as a candidate for both Bengal and Imperial Councils.

BRITISH MEDICAL ASSOCIATION.

(Continued from page 5.)

Sec. 15.—After the first day . . . . of the words "Legally qualified Medical Practitioner" or "Duly qualified Medical Practitioner" or any words importing a person recognised by as law a medical practitioner or member of the medical profession, when used in any Act of Government, shall be construed to mean a person registered under this Act.

Sec. 16.—After the first day . . . . no person shall hold any appointment as a physician, surgeon, or other medical officer, either in the Military or Naval Service or in emigrant or other vessels or in any Hospital, Infirmary, Dispensary or Lying in Hospital, not supported wholly by voluntary contributions or in any Lunatic Asylum, Gaol, House of Correction, or other Public Establishment, body or institution, or any friendly or other society for affording mutual relief in sickness, infirmity or old age, or as a Medical Officer of Health, unless he is registered under this Act.

Sec. 17.—After the first day . . . . no certificate required by any Act or any public body, or Law Court, or under Factory or Lunatic Acts, from any physician, surgeon, licentiate in medicine and surgery or any other medical practitioner, shall be valid unless the person signing the same be registered under this Act.

Sec. 18.—Any person who shall wilfully and falsely pretend to be, or take or use any name or title of, a Graduate, Licentiate, Fellow, or any other title implying that he possesses any qualification described in the first schedule, or that he is registered in any register required by this Act to be kept, in which he is not registered, shall be punished with fine which may extend to . . . .

MISCELLANEOUS.

PART III.

Sec. 19.—Every Registrar of deaths on receiving notice of the death of any person whom he knows to be a registered medical practitioner shall forthwith transmit to the Registrar of the Medical Council a certificate under his own hand of such death with the particulars of time and place of death, and on the receipt of such certificate the Registrar of the Medical Council shall erase the name of such practitioner from every register in which it has been entered.

Sec. 20.—The Governor-in-Council may from time to time make rules not inconsistent with this Act, and may from time to time vary or rescind the same, to regulate:—(a) the fees chargeable in respect of any registration under this Act; (b) the way in which such fees shall be accounted for and disposed of; (c) the emoluments of the Registrar of the Medical Council. All rules so framed and all alterations and rescissions thereof shall be published in the Bombay "Government Gazette."

SCHEDULE FIRST.

(SECTION 9.)

PART A.

Persons holding Medical Degrees, and Diplomas from Indian Universities.

Persons holding Medical Degrees, and Diplomas from such British and Colonial Universities and Royal Colleges as have their Degrees and Diplomas recognised by the General Medical Council of Great Britain and Ireland and as have recognised our Indian Degrees and Diplomas.

All Graduates of the Grant Medical College who received the Diplomas from the College before the year 1866.

PART B.

Persons holding Medical Diplomas from Indian Medical Colleges and Schools, recognised by Government and entitling the holders thereof to practise Medicine, Surgery and Midwifery.

THE PUNJAB CHIEF COURT.

Disagreement with Government.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, NOVEMBER 17.

The *Pioneer* discussing what it terms the tension of feeling between the Punjab Chief Court and Government says the tension is the result of incidents. There has on both sides been a lack of appreciation of the issues at stake. The Judges with the best intentions have not perhaps been as guarded in their language as they ought to have been in some of the comments they have delivered from the Bench. Government, on the other hand without any sinister motive does not appear, to have shown that consideration to the Judges which their position demands. The Bench has sometimes used language, which to parody Lord Morley's words is apt to be misunderstood in England and more particularly in the House of Commons. Government has been somewhat hasty in ignoring the recommendations and more serious still from the point of view of efficient administration in reducing sentences which the Chief Court has upheld. It is unfortunate, to say the least of it, that the opportunity should have been afforded for making so much capital out of so few scandals. After all there have been only three cases in the past year in which other court judgments have called for enquiries and quite recently the same court went out of its way to place on record its confidence in the Provincial Police as a whole. Yet these three cases have been made a great deal of, partly, no doubt because certain resolutions have not been altogether happily worded. In the Gulab Bano case, for example, the resolution issued conveyed the impression that the Chief Court had definitely found the Police guilty of torture when as a matter of fact the judges were careful to say that they did not wish to anticipate the result of the searching enquiry which they suggested should be held. This case has naturally been seized upon by disinterested politicians at Home to show how the Punjab Government and the Chief Court totally disagreed in their views as to police conduct. We had hoped we had heard the last of this case, but the Chief Court apparently has to deal with the file of papers presented to it on the 20th of this month. The statement made by the judges the other day is open to all sorts of interpretation, but we trust the cheerful anticipations of war in which certain persons are already indulging will not de realised. Aggressiveness is not attitude which the interpreters of the law and those responsible for its enforcement should bear toward each other.

DARING ATTEMPT AT MURDER.

Six Men Arrested.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 17.

Information has been received that the police have succeeded in arresting the six men, against whom a charge of attempted murder was laid on Tuesday morning, when a police man was proceeding along Tolly's Nulla. He heard a shriek and going to the spot, he found that a man was thrown in the canal with his hands and feet tied. He was dragged out of the water in an unconscious state and at once taken to hospital. He has made a statement afterwards that six men got hold of him and began to cut his throat, after which he lost all consciousness. Subsequently he found himself in the canal. The case will be soon taken up.

A CORRESPONDENT writes:—"Mr. Ram Ratan District Surveyor, Public Works Department has obtained a patent for an automatic collision preventor viz. a contrivance to prevent railway collisions between any two adjacent railway stations."

THE REAL "DIANA OF THE CROSSWAYS."

BY C. FLEMING WILLIAMS.

THE history of the Hon. Mrs. Norton who, the present writer supposes to be Mr. George Meredith's 'Diana of the Crossways" is such a remarkable one, that it fully justifies saying that truth is stranger than fiction; it also shows that large strides in woman's emancipations has taken in the last fifty years.

"THE HANDSOMEST FAMILY IN THE WORLD."

Mrs. Norton came of a family renowned for genius, for beauty, and for wit. Her father was Richard Brinsley, Sheridan's favourite son, who was unfortunate son Tom, who, in [illegible] brilliant Caroline, daughter of Lady Elizabeth Macdonell and Sir George Campbell. [illegible] Sheridan died at the Cape in 1817. When [illegible] a girl of nineteen Caroline was married to the Hon. George Norton, a barrister who, though next in reminder to his brother Lord Grantly, was possessed of but small means, and as events proved had neither the talent nor the industry to carve out a career for himself in the profession of his choice. One sister became the Duchess of Somerset, the other Lady Dufferin. When we learn that the mother was also a beauty, and at this period might almost have been taken for the sister of her own tall and stately daughters, and that the three sons (as Lord Dufferin declares) were each over six feet in height, handsome, clever and witty, we can well believe Fanny Kemble that she never saw such a bunch of beautiful creatures all growing on one stem. And we may acquit young Benjamin Disraeli of any extraordinary exaggeration when he pronounced them the "handsomest family in the world."

LORD MELBOURNE CALLS.

In 1830 Lord Melbourne became Home Secretary. He and her father had been personal friends, being about the same age, and very similar in tastes and ways of thought. For her grandfather Melbourne had always had unbounded admiration, and at one time proposed to be his biographer. When, therefore, the Home Secretary received from Mrs. Norton a letter pleading, as the granddaughter of the illustrious man who had been the idol of Melbourne's party, that he would give her husband some appointment for which, as a member of the Bar, he might be fitted, it was only natural that instead of writing, Melbourne should call at Storey's Gate to answer her appeal in person. And thus commenced an intimacy fateful to both parties. Mrs. Norton was at this time about 22 years of age, beautiful, witty, a society favourite, and well on her way to fame as a writer. Melbourne's age was fifty-one, and he was a Cabinet Minister. As soon as opportunity offered Mr. Norton was appointed a Divisional Magistrate of London. However he was lazy and quarrelsome, would not attend punctually at his Court and engaged in unseemly public dispute. Lord Melbourne wrote to his wife asking her to try and persuade her husband "to get (to his Court) by twelve o'clock in the morning."

DOMESTIC UNHAPPINESS.

They had been married but a few weeks, when he first resorted to personal violence, and two months afterwards he replied to some (admittedly unsivil) retort of hers with a brutal kick, the effects of which she felt for some time after. At the same time he was continually urging on her that as she had brought him no fortune it was her wifely duty to use every effort with the political friends of her grandfather to get him more lucrative promotion in his profession. And not content with this he himself worried, and wearied Lord Melbourne with repeated demands for a better appointment, and even attempted to borrow a sum of £1,500 from him. In 1833 his wife left him on the occasion of some exceptional violence, but for the sake of the children, she was induced to return. Disappointment of further benefits from his wife's connections seems to have made Mr. Norton first angry and then insanely jealous. When at length he set detective inquires on foot as to her conduct, she consulted as to her own course of action with Sir James Graham, who was a relative of hers, with Colonel Leicester Stanhope and with Lord Melbourne. They all reprobated Mr. Norton's conduct, but Melbourne wrote counselling forbearance and peace. A woman, he said should never part with her husband whilst she can possibly remain with him, and this sound general rule was of particular application in the case of a young handsome woman of lively imagination, fond of company and conversation, as Mrs. Norton was.

ACTION FOR DIVORCE.

This happened in 1835 when Lord Melbourne was Prime Minister. The trial came on in June, 1836. The witnesses were chiefly discarded servants of damaged character and even these could not swear to anything during the past three years. Sundry newspapers, in a way with which we are sufficiently familiar, had excited public expectation with respect to the sensational character of the correspondence which it was alleged Mr. Norton had discovered in his wife's desk. But all that could be produced in Court were the three following short notes:—

1. I will call about half-past four.—Yours,
MELBOURNE.

2. How are you? I shall not be able to come to day. I shall to-morrow.

3. No house to-day. I will call after the leves. If you wish it later, let me know. I will then explain about going to Vauxhall.—Yours,
MELBOURNE.

and when the jury returned a verdict of acquittal, the loud cheers which could not be suppressed in Court, were taken up and echoed by the crowds waiting in the streets outside. There was a general wonder that, having so poor a case, Norton ever ventured to take it to Court. After this matters were patched up for a time. But something quickly gave him fresh offence; the negotiations were broken off, and on the appropriate date of the 1st of April, 1836, he published an insulting advertisement in the papers proclaiming that she had left his house, and that he would not be responsible for her debts. After the trial, he notified her that her own family might keep her, or she might write for her bread, and as for the children, they were by law at his disposal, and he intended to keep them away from her. Further negotiations finally resulted in an agreement by which she was to be allowed £500 a year, and have permission to see her children occasionally at her brother's house, for half an hour at a time, in the presence of two witnesses.

WRITING FOR BREAD.

She had already attained some measure of celebrity as an author, and very considerably added to the family exchequer before this time, "for she frequently sat up all night to do her writing even when she had an infant to nurse and sometimes earned as much as £1,400 in a single year."

A CRUEL HUSBAND.

Although Mr. Norton had retained all of her property that he could lay hands on, gifts, books, and other articles bought by herself from her literary earnings, besides the interest of her portion bequeathed by her father, which according to the law as it then stood, the trustees were compelled to pay to him, he nevertheless refused for three years to pay her the £500 per annum agreed upon by deed. Tradesmen, to whom she owed money for household expenses, accordingly sued him in 1853 for their accounts, whereupon he not only subpœned her publishers and demanded an account of her profits, but demurred that, in consequence of certain technical informalities, the deed by which he had agreed to make her an allowance was invalid. But she turned fiercely on her persecutor, and in a pamphlet on "English Laws for Women in the Nineteenth Century" in 1854, and a "Letter to the Queen" in 1855, she told the whole story of her wrongs, and made an eloquent and impassioned plea for an alteration of the existing law. It is said that the hardship of her case, the pamphlets just enumerated, and her subsequent untiring exertions in the cause, materially helped to bring about the better state of things which exists to-day. During the latter part of her life, Mrs. Norton lived chiefly in London, at 3, Chesterfield Street, Mayfair, mixing freely in society, and continuing her literary work to the end. "The Lady of La Garaye," her best-known poem, was published in 1862; in the following year appeared a novel entitled "Lost and Saved," and in 1867, what is perhaps to the present generation her best-known novel "Old Sir Douglas."

ROMANCE DEFERRED TOO LATE.

At last in 1875 George Norton died: but the long delayed freedom came to late. In March 1877 she was married to Sir William Sterling Maxwell of Keir, author of "The Cloister Life of Charles V." and other well-known books. But she died before the year was out and a few months later he followed her.

"DIANA OF THE CROSSWAYS."

The parallel between the two lives is unmistakable, but the necessity for that preliminary caution to read "Diana of the Crossways" as fiction is equally apparent. The novelist adapts, and whatever [illegible] not suit his purpose is rejected. There is, [illegible] one point on which the reader should [illegible] however, any risk of misconception. The [illegible] but beyond can be called, of Mr. Mer[illegible] plot, if plot it fascinating story, hinges [illegible]ith's brilliant and the Cabinet secret [illegible] upon Diana's betrayal of statesman-lover. [illegible] confided to her by her young blot on the [illegible] This appears to be a gratuitous which m[illegible]aracter of the heroine of the book, can [illegible] readers will feel that no tears of pity N[illegible] wash out. It is founded on a story that Mrs. [illegible]ton betrayed to Delane, editor of the "Times," the secret, confided to her by Sidney Herbert, one of her ardent admirers, that Sir Robert Peel and his Cabinet had resolved upon a repeal of the Corn Laws. The secret certainly did leak out, and caused a serious Government crisis; but the story that Mrs. Norton was the culprit appears to have no foundation whatever.

THE LIGHTING OF CALCUTTA.

Gas Preferred to Electricity.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 17.

The Corporation of Calcutta had been discussing the subject of lighting of Calcutta, since the last six months. Eventually the Corporation by a majority of votes preferred gas to electricity and entered into a contract with the Gas Company, but some of the Commissioners who were in favour of electricity made another attempt to-day to break the contract, and brought forward a motion for the reconsideration of the gas contract. Both the parties were strong and the motion was thrown out by 18 to 17 votes.

The Hon'ble Mr. Macpherson, Member of the Board of Revenue, voted with the minority.

The Corporation accepted a motion that the managing bodies of hospitals and other institutions, to which grades are sanctioned by the Corporation should be requested to allow the Corporation to be represented on the governing bodies.

CHARGE OF THEFT AGAINST A BABU CLERK.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 17.

At the Howrah Court to-day before Mr. M. Chakravarty, Deputy Magistrate, respectably connected Bengali, named Tulsi Churn Mozumdar, a typist in the office of the Commander-in-Chief and a hill woman of prepossessing appearance were charged with robbing a Marwari merchant named Gouri Dutt of a Gladstone bag containing Rs. 185 in cash and documents worth Rs. 10,000.

The prosecution story is that the accused had travelled down from Simla together with the complainant in a second class compartment on the E. I. Railway and when the train arrived at Howrah station, Tulsi got out of the compartment with the lady whom he had brought from Simla and removed his bag and baggages to a hackney carriage. After they had driven away, the complainant found his Gladstone bag, which contained the property missing. A complaint was then laid with the Government Railway police who traced the accused to a Calcutta restaurant where the couple were staying in a room. A search being made of their belongings, the bag with the contents intact was recovered by the police. Both the accused were then arrested and sent up for trial.

The defence is that the bag got mixed with the articles of the accused who did not remove it deliberately.

Judgment was reserved.

THE AUSTRALIAN MINERS' STRIKE.

Not Likely to Affect Bengal Coal Shares.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 17.

Intimation has been received that the Australian coal strike is not likely to last long and there is little chance of its affecting the position of Bengal coal shares.

RECORD OF DIVORCEE.

An American lady, whose name at present is Mrs. Love, has been married at Washington to a husband whom she once divorced. Mrs. Love is said to hold the record for marriage and divorce. Following is the table of her matrimonial events:—

Divorced, 1894—on the ground of "incompatibility of temper."

Married, 1898—to Frank Nixon Coffin, after a reconciliation.

Divorced, 1899—on the ground of Coffin's "ungovernable temperer."

Married, 1899—to James C. Walker, hotel clerk.

Divorced, 1900—on the ground of "insane jealousy of her literary heroes."

Married, 1901—to Frank Nixon Caffin for third time.

Divorced, 1901—on the ground of the same old incompatibility.

Married, 1903—to Perkins A. Layman, hotel clerk, at Riverside.

Divorced, 1904—on the ground of desertion.

Married, 1905—to Hugh M. Love, news-paper reporter.

Divorced, 1908—on the ground of "cruelty."

Married, 1909—to Hugh M. Love.

YESTERDAY Calcutta *Gazette* contains the Coal Fields Electric License for the purpose of supply to the public and for electric traction to the Bengal Coal Fields Power Co., Limited, of Calcutta in respect of a portion of the Burdwan and Manbhum Districts.

THE case against Mr. Joyce and Parasmaiva Moodelliar, Manager and Cashier respectively of the Bank of Burma, Madras, was taken up again yesterday before Mr. F. D. Bird, Chief Presidency Magistrate.

OF the Members of the Viceroy's Council Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson, the Hon'ble Mr. Sinha and the Hon'ble Mr. Harvey have now reached Calcutta. Mr. Harvey leaves for Madras on Saturday with Sir T. R. Wynne.

THE annual report and accounts of Messrs. J. and P. Coats show a net profit for the year of £2,917,666. After providing for depreciation and dividends for the year, already paid, the directors propose to place £500,000 to reserve, £32,522 to the Pension Fund, pay a bonus of 1s. per share on the ordinary, and carry forward £74,637. Last year the net profit was £3,701,697. £500,000 was placed to reserve, and £836,234 carried forward.

THE fact that the Emperor has conferred the Grand Cross of the Order of Franz Josef on the Chief of the Japanese military mission now visiting the capital, has given rise to further rumours of an Austro-Japanese military convention. It is affirmed that the Dual Monarchy and Japan have joined hands to defend their common interests against Russia.

SPORTING NEWS.

INFANTRY SPORTS AT KOLHAPUR.

THE Annual Sports of the Kolhapur Infantry took place on the 12th and 13th instant. The events were very well filled, and the races produced some very keen finishes. The Donkey Race as usual created great amusement, and the winner of the Obstacle Race was loudly applauded. The race for the men of the 24th Battery, R. F. A. (who are marching from Belgaum to Poona), was won by Corpl. Tredry, who, starting from scratch, showed great a judgment in coming up at the right moment. That keen promoter of sport, H. H. the Maharaja, was unavoidably absent, being in Bombay for the great wrestling match. Mrs. Wodehouse was "At Home" on the 13th, and the Band of the Regiment enlivened the proceedings on both days.

1st Day, 12th November, 1909.

EVENTS.

150 Yards (open to any State Police).—Laxuman Limbaji Bujare, Nagu Khema Hanbar and Krishna Govinda Kamsingre. Time—16 2/5.

150 Yards.—Havr Sayapa Jadhav, Bugr Sadu Sakpal, Mus Shaik Tajudin and Pte Oomar Khan. Time—16 2-5 secs.

88 yards 5 in. Throwing the Cricket Ball.—L-N Shaik Mahomed, Pte Mahadev Dhavle and Pte Shitaram Powar. Time—26 4/5.

80 yards, Wheel Barrow Race.—Havr Shaik Salam, Pte Shaik Ismail, L N Dawalata Powar, Private Tukaram Nerkar, L N Shaik Mahomed and Bhisty Dashratha Khirsagar. Time 26 4-5 secs.

150 Yards—N C Officers. Havr Sayapa Jadhav, Naik Govind Jadhv, L N Shaik Ismail and L N Shaik Mahomed. Time 16 1-5 secs.

100 yards Old Soldiers over 20 Years Service.—Havr Shaik Nabi, Naik Dhondi Mohite and Pte Rama Power 1st. Time—13 2-5 secs.

120 Yards Hurdle Race.—Havr Sayapa Jadhav, Pte Shaik Shileman 2nd, L N Shaik Ismail and Pte Rama Chawan. Time.—19 secs.

Quarter mile Horse Race (open to any State R). Sawar Jatu Powar, Sowar Dadu Nardekar and Sowar Nana Gaikwad. Time—27 2-5 secs.

High Jump.—Pte Shaik Abdul Karim, Mus Mahadev More and Havr Sayapa Jadhav. Time—4 ft 10 in.

Half mile.—Pte Oomar Khan, Pte Vishram Chawan, Pte Shaik Gafur and Bugr Sadu Sakpal. Time—2 min 19 3-5 secs.

300 Yards Handicap Line Boys.—Shankar Gopala Jadhav, Datta Dhondi Mohite, Ganu Bacharam Scinde and Ganpati Bhiku Sbringare.

100 Yards Handicap Gymkhana Chekaras. Bhondi Ghorpade, Krishna Parab and Datta Mohite. Dead Heat.

80 Yards Pattewalas Handicap.—Parsu Lingu Shinde, Vittu Krishna Jamble and Rama Joti Jadhav.

Obstacle Race.—Havr Sayapa Jadhv, Bhisty Dashratha Khirsagar, Pte Shaik Shileman 2nd and L-N Rama Nalawde. Time 2 min 32 2-5 secs.

Putting the Shot.—L N Hari Zadaw, Pte Rama Bhosale and Pte Krishna Jadhav. Time 22 ft 5 in.

2nd Day, 13th November, 1909.

Quarter mile.—Havr Sayapa Jadhav, Pte Oomar Khan, Bugr Sadu Sakpal and Pte Shaik Gafur. Time 57 4-5 secs.

150 Yards (open to any State Rissala).—Ramrao Ramrwre, Osman Shah and Aba Shinde. Time 17 1-4 secs.

100 Yards Three-legged Race.—Havr Sayapa Jadhav, Bugr Baban Khan, Havr Dhondi Desai, L N Shaik Mahomed, Pte Rama Dinde, Pte Laxuman Jadhv, L N Rama Nalwde and L N Govind Dhamal. Time 13 secs.

100 Yards Handicap Recruit Boys.—Boy Shankar Shingh, Boy Laxuman Zende and Boy Krishna Khot. Time 11 3-5 secs.

Long Jump. Mus Mahadev More, Havr. Sayapa Jadhav and Mus Shaik Tajudin. Time 18 ft 9 in.

Bumping Race Finals. "F" Company, Havr Shaik Salam; "D" Company, Pte Aba Parab.

150 Yards, Followers.—Bhisty Dashratha Khirsagar, Chand Bhangi, Antu Mang and Laxuman Makdum. Time 18 3-5 secs.

Quarter mile British Troops, Corp Tredry, Gr. Donaghue, Gr. Jessey and Dr Mathews. Time 53 1-5 secs.

Tent-Pegging. Kolhapur State.—Awji Bhandwle; Ramdurg State, Tata Gopalrao Powar.

100 Yards Blindfold Driving Race.—L N Shaik Mahomed, Mus Atmaram Parte, Pte Aba Parab, Pte Gopala Para, Havr Sayapa Jadhav and Mus Shaik Tajudin.

100 Yards Donkey Race in Costume.—Best turn out Havr Shaik Nabi, Pte Shaik Ismail, Pte Abas Khan L N Kassam Begg and Pte Shaik Abdul 2nd.

150 yards Consalation Race.—Pte Sakharam Dhere, Pte Shaik Alli Isi, Pte Sayad Kassam and Pte Shaik, mam. Time 18 4-5 secs.

150 Yards Bandsmen in Uniform.—Mus Hussen Khan, Bugle Major Jamal Khan, Mus David Fernandez and Mus Shaik Hussen. Time 20 secs.

Tug of War, "F" Company.—Havr Shaik Salam, "C" Company, Havr Vishnu Shevade.

Potato Race.—Havr Shaik Salam, Pte Rama Chawan and Pte Laxuman Jadhav. Time 54 1-5 secs.

Bhistis' Race.—Shaik Ilai, Shaik Imam and Rama Nikam.

ARRIVALS.

Per s. s. "Persia," Nov. 19.

THE P. and O. Co.'s Mail steamer "Persia," which is expected to arrive in Bombay on Friday from England, brings the following passengers:—

FROM LONDON.

Agabeg, Mrs F J
Agabeg, Miss S F P
Arbuthnot, Miss M
Agarwala, Mrs M L and child
Agarwala, Miss
Arbuthnot, Mr W J
Brownlee, Major and Mrs D Arcy
Beadnell, Mr C B
Bedwell, Capt and Mrs N G
Blofield, Miss
Baldray, Mrs
Barter, Mrs
Brodie, Miss
Chuckerbutty, Mr A W G
Coutts, Mr E G
Cooke, Mr and Mrs J M and 3 children
Croswell, Mr F W
Cowie, Mrs
Colville, Miss
Clarke, Lt L C
Chester, Mr E F S
Crichton, Mr A B
Dillon, Miss
Daavis Simon, Mr H G de Cosb, Mr J K
Evans, Mr and Mrs D J and child
Egger, Miss H
Eelmann, Mr F J
Eggar, Mr and Mrs H C
Furze, Mr S
Fauldo, Mrs B
Fauldo, Miss S A
Gordon, Mrs R G
Green, Mr A M
Graham, Mr Ernest
Geldart, Mr and Mrs W
Giles, Lt Col Mrs and Miss
Glover, Miss
Godwin, Miss F M
Hart, Mr and Mrs H E and infant
Harnett, Mrs and infant
Help, Mr and Mrs P B and infant
Hooker, Miss
Harvey, Capt A W M
Harding, Mrs
Hadow, Mr H C
Hogan, Mrs and Miss W
Hungerford Morgan, Mr C
Hungerford Morgan, Mrs and 2 children
Johnson, and Mr and P
Jacob, Mrs
Kasim, Mr E
Killingenstein, Mr S
Kember, Mrs
Leitch, Mrs J
Lachlan, Mrs E M
Maclean, Mrs A H
McIntosh, Mrs and child
Mrs Roper's child and nurse
Mull, Mrs
Mallett, Miss G
McLeod Master T
McLeod, Miss M
Mrs P B Haig's nurse
Muspratt, Mrs Y E and 2 infants
Montgomery, Maj T R
Mc Kie, Mr R
Moxon, Mr
Mc Gurdu, Mrs D T
Mc Donald, Miss
Mc Ewin, Mr B C
Mrs Leitch's child
Newby, Miss M M
Orr, Miss N
Pratt, Mr C H
Power, Mrs and child
Power, Mrs F M
Peaty, Mrs
Padfield, Miss M M A
Pijatt, Mr T
Price, Mr Vernon
Price, Miss G
Price, Miss D
Qunland, Mr G
Quigley, Mr
Rogers, Mrs L
Radcliffe, Mr and Mrs S
Roughton, Mr N J
Roberts, Dr Digby
Roberts, Mrs and Miss
Starforth, Mr A W
Smith, Mr P C
Shrajer, Mr J
Tarkhud, Mr D A
Thomas, Mr O F
Taylor, Mr W H
Thompson, Mr J
Uttley, Mr H
Willcocks, Lt Col A J and Mrs and Miss
Walker, Miss B
Wraith, Miss G
Wilson, Mr and Mrs H M and infant
Webb, Miss Rose
Whitley, Miss Mabel
Wood, Mr Alfred
Whitehurst, Miss E B
Wray, Mr H
Wood, Mr E L

FROM MARSEILLES.

Alderson, Genl E H
Alderson, Mrs
Alben, Lady
Alben, Miss
Arbuthnot, Mr J C
Armstrong, Mr and Mrs C H A
Annandale, Dr N
Armstrong, Miss
Adam, Mr J B
Agabeg, Mr Alfred
Agabeg, Mrs Alfred
Arathoon, Mr
Banerji, Miss B P F
Boyl, Mrs Chas
Belfield, Mr J
Bell, M C L
Burchell, Mrs
Inman, Dr and Mrs
Johnstone, Mr W C
Knowles, Mr and Mrs
Kavanah, Mr Thos
Kelly, Major G H F
Kendall, Mr R H
Levy, Mr M
Lowndes, Mr G R
Lyon, Mr Jas
Lindsay, Mr R L
Miller, Mr W
McCowan, Mr and Mrs C H
Maynard, Mr and Mrs M
Mitchell, Mrs A E
Mac Lean, Lt and Mrs G
Mitunga, Mrs
Molesworth, Mrs W J
Beresford, Mr Herbert
Boyd, Capt H J
Barlow, Mr and Mrs and Miss
Brooke, Miss
Botcler, Mr R
Bunbury, Col and Mrs V
Butten, Mr A
Bardswell, Mr H J
Bignell, Mr H
Bunting, Mr S A
Barrow, Mr J R
Behram, Mr R B B
Chowdhury Mr and Mrs H G
Coleman, Mr F M
Cramp, Mr L M
Chapman, Mr W G
Carey, Rev and Mrs W
Cooke, Capt and Mrs A F
Crump, Mrs L M
Cameron, Mr F E
Cameron, Mrs
Cooper, Mr and Mrs W C
Charles, Mr and Mrs F R
Campbell, Mr A
Crister, Capt W S
Craddock, Hon R H
Craddock, Mrs Miss
Dalglish, Mr R
Dobnary, Mr A C
Dillon, Mr T
Dawcar, Mr A F
Elcholz, Mr
Edelston, Mr T D
Emerson, Mr and Mrs M S
Ellis, Mr E H
Egerton, Miss B
Fremantle, Mr and Mrs G H
Ehleben, Mr Keitz
Framjee, B S
Gresham, Mr S T
Gorman, Mr John
Gorman, Mr and Mrs
Greaves, Mrs Herbert
Hormusjee, Mr K D
Heard, Mr F S
Mackenzie, Mr and Mrs J
Moritz, Mr A
Spalding, Capt W B
Somon, K C V O Sir Felix
Somon, Lady

FROM BRINDISI.

Brittain, Mr S S
Campbell, Mr A
Doake, Mr R B
Gordon, Mr R D
Horne, Capt A Milne
Kennedy, Mr Pringle
Lunt, Mr F W

FROM PORT SAID.

Cavadia, Mr J
Chamney, Mr and Mrs G
Xydis, Mr and Mrs G and 2 infants

FOR KARACHI.

Anderson, Mr D E
Anderson, Miss
Boyd, Mr A E
Bussy, Mr G
Berry, Miss
Billington, Mrs W H and infant
Brice, Mrs M A
Brice, Mr J N
Battey, Major and Mrs
Boyd, Mr A E
Dempsey, Mrs J S child ren and infant
Dolphin, Mr V O
Fraser, Mrs and Miss
Furley, Mr H D
Gompertz, Miss D
Griffiths, Mr D
Helms, Mr H
Jones, Lt Govin
Mathews, Mrs Hudson
Christopher, Lt L de L Read, Lt A M
Stuart, Capt A G
Smith, Mrs D and infant
Thompson, Miss
Timine, Mr
Twigg, Lt Col R H
Westlands, Miss
Wright, Mr and Mrs Gordon
Wilkin, Mr G
Neilson, Mr J and Mrs
Nolan, Mr and Mrs W J
O'Brien, Mr M
Orr, Mr W
Peck, Major R S
Petit, Mr H F
Payne, Mrs K J
Paget, Sir R
Pritchett, Mr C R D
Preston, Mr F J
Petit, Sir Dinshaw
Petit, Lady and 2 children
Russell, Mr E W S
Roberts, Mr S G
Randle, Miss D
Raimer, Major and Mrs H
Rose, Mr and Mrs F C
Rhodes, Mr
Reynolds, Mr
Robertson, Mr Hugh
Roper, Mrs
Riddell, Mr W
Rose, Mr G F
Shroff, Master H M
Sprott, Miss
Scott, Mr J M
Stansfield, Mr L
Sime, Mr H St J
Sinanides, Mr B
Sethna, Mr P C
Schwarzbach, Mr
Styan, Mr H S
Trew, Mr R F J
Taylor, Mr S
Thornton, Mr and Mrs E
Turner, Mr and Mrs G D
Turnbull, Lt B
Veasey, Mr H C
Veasey, Mrs H C
Veasey, Miss G
Webster, Mr S
Willcocks, Mrs W
Watson, Mr Cecil
Wills, Mr G V
Woolcombe, Mrs R G
Weston, Mr G A
Were, Maj H W

BY THE WAY.

NEWMARKET HEATH AND THE BUDGET.

The Cambridgeshire Meeting has a disastrous reputation for tempestuous weather, and this year is to be no exception. By a felicitous coincidence Newmarket Heath throws a lurid light on the Land Clauses of the Budget. Originally the training-ground at Newmarket was leased for five shillings an acre, but the rent for this rough sheep pasture was raised so persistently that Admiral Rous, seeing the precarious position of the Jockey Club under the continual "unearned increment," offered to give the Duke of Rutland thirty shillings an acre for a ninety-nine years' lease. Subsequently the fine stretch of training ground called the Limekilns was hired for fifty shillings per acre. The July Course was bought from Mr. Eaton by Admiral Rous.

SNOW IN THE HIGHLANDS.

We have had no snow in London yet a correspondent writes although the temperature at times during the past few days has felt remarkably like it. But in the North winter has already come "tumbling from the hills." Following a day of torrential rain on Sunday in Beauly and district, snow fell heavily during the whole night, and on Monday Ben Wyvis and all the higher hills were heavily coated with snow down to their very base. The agricultural outlook is assuming a serious aspect, for quite half the crop is out on the higher altitudes, large portions being still uncut. It will of course, never, ripen now, and great portions of it are being cut quite green. On some of the higher hills on the Borders there has also within the last day or two been a considerable fall of snow.

A HEROINE OF 1870.

Mademoiselle Juliette Dodu, the heroine of the Franco-German war, has just died at Clarens. She was in charge of the telegraph-office at Pithiviers when the Prussians occupied the place. In that capacity she secretly tapped the wires and worked them, sending extracts from the Prussian despatches to the French headquarters. At last, but not until she had rendered this service for seventeen days, she was caught, tried by court-martial, and sentenced to be shot, but was saved by the personal intervention of Prince Frederick Charles. The Government of National Defence named her in the Order of the Day and she was afterwards given the military medal and the cross of the Legion of Honour.

THE NORWICH CITY ORGANIST.

Dr. Bunnett, who played the fantasia composed by himself for the King's marriage as his Majesty was leaving St. Andrew's Hall, is one of the best-known men in Norwich. He was the deputy of the late Dr. Buck, the famous organist at the Cathedral, but when Buck's services were no longer available his pupil was passed over, though fully qualified by experience and ability. However, the citizens of Norwich made him City Organist, and he took a prominent part in successive Festivals in the capital of East Anglia. Dr. Bunnett has been one of our greatest executants on the instrument which he has made his special study, and his name also stands high among composers.

MUNICIPAL BILLIARDS.

According to "The Billiard Year Book for 1910," just issued by Messrs. A. and C. Black, it seems there is one place, and only one, in the United Kingdom where billiards is supported by the rates. This is Battersea, where the scheme of establishing a municipal billiard-room was conceived by one of its councillors, about three years ago. It is under the Baths and Washhouses Act that the councillors have the power to "run" billiards. A recreation-room was built in the Plough-road, and opened in 1906, and it is in this building that the tables are placed.

A PENNY FOR TWENTY MINUTES' PLAY

A charge of one penny is made for admission, and each billiard player is charged an additional penny for twenty minutes' play. There are two tables, and the sum received from players last season amounted to £77 16s. This shows that 9,336 games of twenty minutes each were played during the season. There is an attendant in the room, but he does not mark the games, the players doing so themselves. A temperancee refreshment bar provides tea, coffee, and other drinks and estables, so that the players need not leave the room for refreshments.

MARRYING WIDOWS.

America licks creation in bigamists as in much else. A great marrying man there has just been run to earth when on the eve of concluding his sixth unlawful matrimonial contract, and he made the interesting confession that all his victims have been widows. Indeed, the trouble of the veteran alluded to, Mr. J. J. Tremper, was not to marry them but to avoid marrying too many of them at one time "Marrying widows," he says, "is one of the easiest games in the world." But, of course, all this refers to American widows. English widows know better.

THE INCANDESCENT GAS MANTLE ROMANCE.

The story of the revolution in lighting efficiency brought about by the incandescent gas mantle is one of great intrest, and is told by Mr. F. A. Talbot in "Chambers Journal" for November. The secret of the success of the mantle is entirely due to the presence of two rare minerals, thorium and cerium. Baron Auer von Welsbach found that if a cotton cone was soaked in a nitrate solution composed of ninety-nine parts of thorium and one part of cerium and subsequently placed in a hot flame so as to burn out all impurities converting the whole fabric into oxides of the above-mentioned to rare minerals, an intense, powerful light, which is now so familiar, was emitted when the material was raised to a high state of incandescence over a Bunsen burner.

WHERE THORIUM IS FOUND.

The thorium used in the process is among the most valuable minerals known. It is found only in one part of the world—that is, in sufficient quantities to render its exploitation worth while. On the outskirts of an insignificant little village in Brazil runs a river which cut its way to the Atlantic through banks of peculiar sand. Geologically, this sand is built up in strata, and it is the dark layers that are so eagerly excavated by the Indian, for with the sand is mingled the grains of thorium—the secret of light. This raw material has to be submitted to continuous concentrating operations before it is ready for use.

FLORAL BERMONDSEY.

Bermondsey, where flowers of rhetoric have been blooming profusely during the past few weeks was long famous for flowergardens, and the residents, who have been told by Tariff Reformers to put all their tanners on Dumphreys, were once renowned horticulturists. John Timbs, in his "Autobiography," referring to this neighbourhood, says of his boyhood: "The love of gardening and raising flowers has ever been with me a favourite pursuit. Even in that sooty suburb of Southwark, Snow's Fields, at a very early age I had the range of a large garden." Curtis, whose monumental "Flora Londinensis" is still a good guide to the wild flowers around London, first established in Bermondsey, the botanical garden which he afterwards removed to Lambeth Marsh, and finally to Brompton.

THE L.C.C. GOLF COURSE.

The golf course constructed by the London County Council at Hainault Forest has cost about £500. The course can be reached from Liverpool-street in less than an hour and a half, the station at the other end being some two miles from the course. The ground is of an undulating and varied character, and the place is likely to become popular with London golfers not particularly pressed for time. The length of the course is 6,300 yards, and the holes vary from 120 yards to 490 yards. The three short holes already have natural hazards of whins, and bunkers will be placed in due course as experience may suggest.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it "will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair" to its original colour without having the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemists for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere. Wholesale Depot, 93, Farringdon Road, London, England.

MEN AND MATTERS.

THE JUDGE-MAYOR.

Mr. Justice Phillimore, who has consented to become Mayor of Kensington, will be the first Judge of the High Court to occupy such a position in London. His Lordship comes from a family the members of which have for several generations distinguished themselves in the law and the Church. The first Phillimore of whom there is any record came to London in the time of William of Orange. He settled in Kensington in a house which stood on the exact spot where Mr. Justice Phillimore now lives, and where the head of the family has always resided. Like his grandfather, Sir Robert, Mr. Justice Phillimore is the first authority in England on ecclesiastical law. As a matter of fact, his Lordship is of an intensely religious turn of mind. And, moreover, he carries his religion with him to the Bench. To the penitent he is exceedingly tender. It is recorded that on one occasion he had sentenced a man to death, and the condemned man was clearly penitent, but as there was no question of insanity there was no alternative but to pass the capital sentence. The Judge urged the prison authorities to let him know if they discovered anything upon which he might venture to recommend the King's clemency. "In any case," he said, "I should like you to tell him that I am praying for him."

"STRAIGHT FROM THE SHOULDER."

Dr. Knox, the Bishop of Manchester, whose trenchant remarks on Socialism have created no small stir in religious circles, is in many respects one of the most democratic bishops in the Church. His services on the sands at Blackpool during the summer, and his "straight from the shoulder" talks to thousands of Lancashire mill-hands that make holiday there, have become institutions. Preaching on one occasion on charity, Dr. Knox, dealing with the various types of wastrels that parade up and down the country, told an amusing story of a particularly proud and haughty members of the fraternity. An old lady, being accosted by him, gave him a threepennypiece. The beggar, holding the coin in the palm of his hand, grazed at it for some seconds. "Wot d'ye think I'm goin' to do with this?" he growled. "Oh, keep it," said the old lady sweetly; "keep it, and give it to some poor tramp."

SIR THOMAS LIPTON ON MATRIMONY.

Everygood Britisher will heartily wish Sir Thomas Lipton luck in his coming struggle for the American Cup, but even if he is not successful, Sir Thomas will take his defeat with the philosophic good humour which characterises his sunny temperament. A confirmed bachelor, Sir Thomas is the most "Press-married" man in the kingdom, rumours being continually set afloat of his impending marriage. "A propos" of this, he once told a very amusing story of a somewhat nasty trick that was played on a bachelor friend of his own. A lady was one day reproaching him for never having married, when her husband remarked good-humouredly, "He says he could have cut me out and married you if he had wanted to." "Indeed," she exclaimed with some asperity. "Why didn't he do it then?" "He says," was the calm reply, "that he owed me a grudge."

CHANGING BETWEEN THE ACTS.

Signor Mascagni, the celebrated composer, who was invited by the King of Italy to visit Racconigi, is one of the hardest worked of living composers. As a conductor, his energy is particularly noticeable and on the hottest of evenings he always manages to keep as cool as the proverbial cucumber. A friend once asked him how he managed to do this. "Oh," replied Mascagni, "I change every stitch, and have a thorough rub down between each act. It is the only way in which I can get through the evening."

MME CALVE AS MOSCOT.

Like most southerners, Mascagni is very superstitious, and is a great believer in "charms" and tokens. His principal charm, which he never fails to wear, is a watch fob on which are hung some teeth of his first two children. The great composer also believes in luck attaching to persons as well as to things, and he is firmly convinced that if he can only get Mme. Calve to sing in his operas, they are certain to be successful. Of course, her name would be bound to carry weight, but, apart from this, Mascagni thinks that she will bring luck to any opera in which she appears.

A MILITARY APPOINTMENT.

Brigadier General Lancelot Kiggell, C.B., who has succeeded Major-General Sir Douglas Haig as Director of Staff duties at the War Office, is an officer who deserves the success which has attended his career. Thorough in whatever he undertakes, reliable and capable in the fullest meaning of those words, it cannot be said of him that he owes his luck to interest, petticoat or otherwise, for it is solely by merit he has "arrived." When the South African War broke out he went there with Sir Redvers Buller, and after that ill-fated general returned to England, at Lord Kitchener's request the then Major Kiggell joined the Headquarters Staff, serving until the close of the war, and being several times mentioned in despatches, whilst he holds Queen Victoria's medal with six clasps, and the King's with two. Since then he has been professor of military art at the Staff College, and came to town recently from Edinburgh, where he was in charge of the administration of the Scottish command. Brigadier-General Kiggell has all the best points of the typical Irishman, and belongs to a most popular family located near the broad waters of the Lower Shannon. From his boyhood he was accustomed to follow the hounds, to shoot, sail, and swim, and in his school-days he himself hunted his father's pack of harriers.

A FAMOUS WELSHMAN.

Sir Isambard Owen, the new Vice-Chancellor of Bristol University, has had a remarkably successful and distinguished career. Son of a Welshman who rose from a lowly position to be the chief engineer of the Great Western Railway, he has filled probably more important positions in the medical world than any living physician. Yet, in spite of this, he has devoted no inconsiderable time to the question of education in the Principality. Indeed, there has hardly been an educational movement in Wales during the last twenty years that Sir Isambard has not been prominently connected with. He has also made himself one of the few living authorities on Welsh literature, his collection of old Welsh manuscripts being the finest and most complete extant. Of the characteristics of his race, Sir Isambard Owen tells many an amusing story. A particularly fine one concerns an old Welsh dame whom a friend of his encountered one day, seated on the roadside in front of her little cottage, her humble furniture scattered around her in dire profusion. The friend was profoundly moved, and, stepping out of his car, handed the old dame a coin. "My good woman," he said, "may I give you a lift to the House?" "House!" she exclaimed indignantly but withal pocketing the coin. "House! It's only my old man whitewashing."

MRS. STEPNEY RAWSON.

Mrs. Stepney Rawson, whose ninth published book, "Happiness," was reviewed in these pages last week, is now living and doing all her work in the peace of the country. Her delightful, old-fashioned cottage, fragrant in summer with roses, is beautifully placed on the slope of the Berkshire downs, and close to stately beech woods. It is on the skirts of Streatley, one of the most famous and beautiful villages on the upper reaches of the Thames. An ideal spot to work in, remote from noise, yet not too far from London for literary research at the great libraries. Mrs. Rawson is brimful of nervous energy, and has a passion for work. Already she is forging ahead on a new novel of modern life, besides being engaged upon a sixteenth-century memoir. Her recreations are walking, an occasional game of Badminton, and helping in the local choral music. Both she and her husband are keenly interested in music. Mr. Rawson organises, in fact, the principal music in the place, as he is a very able conductor of band and chorus. Mrs. Rawson is also particularly enthusiastic about the folk-song revival movement. All Mrs. Rawsons family are artistic, and her father, whose instrument was the 'cello, found music a great relief from his professional work. He was Lieut.-General Fife of the Royal Engineers; very well known in his day in the Bombay Presidency as designer and executor of vast irrigation works in the Scinde province.

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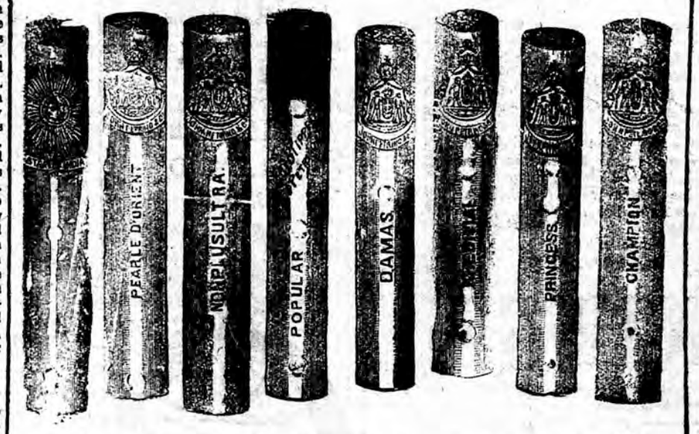

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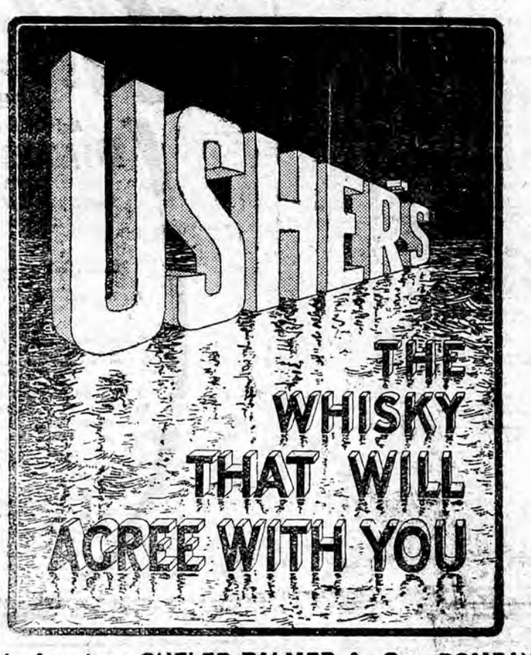

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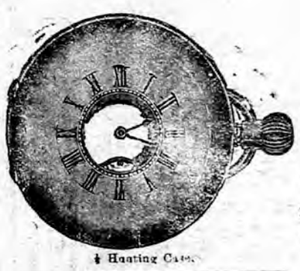

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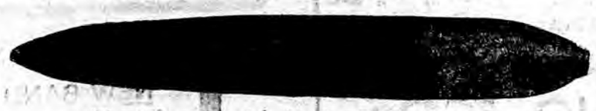
Rs. 6  per 50

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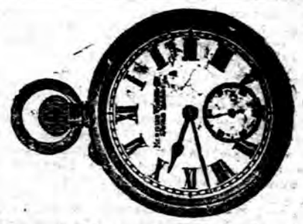

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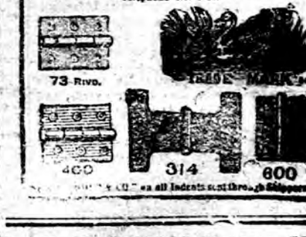

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